

# SUKHĀVATĪVYŪHA

# SUKHĀVATIVYŪHA

édité par

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## INTRODUCTION

### 1. Les manuscrits du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*.

Le *Sukhāvatīvyūha* sanscrit est parvenu jusqu'à nous sous la forme de 20 manuscrits et un fragment :

MSS. 1~5 : manuscrits conservés dans des bibliothèques européennes<sup>1)</sup>; Max MÜLLER et Bunyiu NANJIO les ont utilisés pour leur editio princeps du *Sukhāvatīvyūha* :

*Sukhāvatīvyūha : Description of Sukhāvatī, The Land of Bliss*, ed. by M. MÜLLER and B. NANJIO, Oxford 1883 (Anecdota Oxoniensia, Aryan Series, Vol. I, Part II).

Le Népal, pays d'origine des manuscrits sus-mentionnés, en possède encore quatre autres :

MS. 6 : Bibliothèque Bir, cau 19<sup>2)</sup>.

MS. 7 : Collection Kaiser, No. 489<sup>3)</sup>.

MS. 8 & 9 : Collection Hem Raj, Nos 28 et 29<sup>4)</sup>.

MS. 10 : Manuscrit conservé dans la Bibliothèque de

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1) Voir l'Introduction de l'édition d'Oxford, p. xi.

2) *Buddhist Manuscripts of the Bir Library*, dans *Taishō Daigaku Kenkyū Kiyō* (Bulletin d'Université Taishō), No. 40, Tokyo 1954, No. 248 (a).

3) NAGAO, M.: *Les Manuscrits bouddhistes à Katmandu* (en japonais) dans *Tenseki Ronshū* (Mélanges de philologie orientale, dédiés à Dr. IWAI à l'occasion de son soixante-dixième anniversaire), Tokyo 1963, p. 14.

4) ibid. p. 18.

l'Asiatic Society of Bengal (Calcutta, Inde)<sup>1)</sup>.

La Bibliothèque de l'Université de Tokyo (Japon) possède cinq manuscrits complets et un fragment<sup>2)</sup>:

- MS. 11 : No. 27 (71 feuillets, 5 lignes, 26.7×8.3 cm.)
- MS. 12 : No. 43 (63 feuillets, 6 lignes, 29.8×11.2 cm.)
- MS. 13 : No. 63 (84 feuillets, 4 lignes, 27.9×6.4 cm.)
- MS. 14 : No. 393 (64 feuillets, 6 lignes, 24.8×6.4 cm.)
- MS. 15 : No. 399 (56 feuillets, 6 lignes, 27.3×70 cm.)
- Frag. No. 40 (17 feuillets, 6 lignes, 27.9×11.2 cm.)

MSS. 16 & 17 : Manuscrits rapportés au Japon par S. E. Kôzui ÔTANI<sup>3)</sup>.

Enfin, le Dr. Ryôzaburô SAKAKI, le premier professeur de la philologie sanscrite à notre Université, a rapporté au Japon les trois manuscrits suivants :

MS. 18 : Manuscrit conservé dans la Bibliothèque de l'Université Tôkai, No. 17<sup>4)</sup>.

MS. 19 : Manuscrit appartenant à la Bibliothèque de l'Université de Kyoto (69 feuillets, 7 lignes, 22.9×9.7 cm.)

MS. 20 : Manuscrit appartenant à la Collection de Kôshô ÔTANI (85 feuillets, 4 lignes, 29×5.5 cm.)

1) MITRA, Raj.: *The Sanskrit Buddhist Literature of Nepal*, Calcutta 1882, pp. 236-237.

2) *List of Sanskrit Manuscripts (KAWAGUCHI and TAKAKUSU Collection) in the Tokyo University*, 1959, p. 36.

3) *The Daijō (The Mahayāna)*, Vol. IV (1925), Part 1, p. 6.

4) IWAMOTO, Y.: *Catalogue of the Buddhist Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of Tokai University* dans *Tokai Daigaku Bungakubu Kiyō* (Proceedings of the Faculty of Letters, Tokai University), Vol. 2, Tokyo 1960, p. 21.

## 2. Les éditions et les critiques textuelles du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*.

*Edition d'Oxford* (par MÜLLER et NANJO), Voir ci-dessus. C'est l'*editio princeps* du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*. Mais les cinq manuscrits qu'ont utilisés MÜLLER et NANJO étaient loin d'être satisfaisants. Les une étaient mutilés, les autres présentaient des lacunes importantes. Dans cet état de choses, il a été impossible, malgré la grande compétence et les efforts acharnés de ces deux érudits, d'établir un texte digne de foi.

Unrai WOGIWARA : *Bonpon Muryōjukyō Honmon Sakushū* (Notes critiques sur les textes sanscrits du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*), dans *Bon Zō Wa Ei Gōheki Jyōdo Sanbukyō* (Trois livres sacrés sur la terre pure, les textes sanscrites, les versions tibétaines, et les traductions japonaises et anglaises contenues dans un volume), Tokyo 1931.

Le Dr. WOGIWARA a proposé des corrections et des amendements dans 312 passages du texte d'Oxford. Ses critiques étaient fondées sur la confrontation du texte de MÜLLER et NANJO avec les manuscrites qu'il a pu voir alors dans la Bibliothèque de l'Université de Tokyo et dans la Collection Kôzui ÔTANI ainsi que sur les études minutieuses en comparaison des versions tibétaine et chinoise du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*. Les corrections du Dr. WOGIWARA témoignent de ses profondes connaissances et de son esprit critique sobre et fin, mais il n'a pas réussi à résoudre toutes les difficultés. Le Prof. Hökei IZUMI a critiqué des points faibles des Notes critique du Dr. WOGIWARA dans son *Bonpon Muryōjukyō no Kenkyū* (Etudes sur le texte sanscrit du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*),

Kyoto 1939, et a proposé de nouvelles corrections très remarquables. Il est vrai que les travaux du Dr. WOGIWARA laissent encore à désirer. Il faut surtout regretter le manque d'unité dans ses critiques : pour ne citer qu'un exemple, il suit servilement les leçons de la version tibétaine dans certains passages, tout en les négligeant complètement dans d'autres passages<sup>1)</sup>.

*Muryôkô Nyorai Anraku Shôgon Kyô* (Le sūtra sur la manifestation supérieure de la terre fortunée du *Tathâgata Amitâbha*), traduit en japonais de sanscrit par Kôzui ÔTANI.

C'est la traduction du *Sukhâvatîvyûha* sanscrit. Le texte sanscrit d'un manuscrit dans la Collection du traducteur lui-même est donné avec la traduction japonaise sur les pages opposées. L'édition étant basée sur un seul manuscrit, le texte est loin d'être satisfaisant.

Une bonne édition du *Sukhâvatîvyûha* est donc toujours à faire. Il faut choisir un bon manuscrit pour éditer un texte critique digne de ce nom. Nous croyons que le manuscrit appartenant à S. E. Kôshô ÔTANI (MS. 20 de notre liste) répond assez bien à ce besoin. Il représente une très bonne, sinon la meilleure, tradition du texte du *Sukhâvatîvyûha*. C'est ce manuscrit que nous avons choisi comme base de notre édition.

9) IWAMOTO, Y.: *Sukhâvatîvyûha ni okeru jakkan no mondai* (Remarques sur le *Sukhâvatîvyûha*), dans *Seinan Ajia Kenkyû* (Bulletin of the Society for Western and Southern Asiatic Studies, Kyoto University), Vol. 13 (1964), pp. 59-70.

### 3. Description du manuscrit de base et parti-pris de la présente édition.

Le manuscrit de la collection Kôshô ÔTANI a été rapporté au Japon par le Dr. SAKAKI en 1923. Ce manuscrit, rédigé en écriture "kuṭila", daté du XIV<sup>e</sup> ou du XV<sup>e</sup> siècle. Le premier feillet a été perdu et est remplacé par un feillet de papier, mais les autres, en feuillets de "tamâla," sont bien conservés. L'écriture est très lisible. Sans doute, notre manuscrit n'est pas exempt de quelques fautes de transcription et de lacunes assez importantes. Mais malgré tous ces défauts, il a le mérite d'offrir un texte très clair qui permet d'éclaircir des passages jusqu'ici incompréhensibles dans d'autres manuscrits. On y trouve également des mots jusqu'ici non attestés. D'ailleurs, il est intéressant de remarquer que notre manuscrit confirme nombre de conjectures — tant sur le plan morphologique que sur le plan syntaxique — faites par le Dr. WOGIWARA. Citons un exemple intéressant. Après des études des versions tibétaine et chinoises, le Dr. WOGIWARA a conclu qu'un vœu (*prañidhâna*) a été perdu entre le 19<sup>e</sup> et le 20<sup>e</sup> vœux dans la série de "46 vœux" dans le texte de MÜLLER et NANJO. Chose remarquable, ce vœu existe bel et bien dans notre manuscrit. C'est le vœu de *san-shih-érh-hsian* (*dvâtrimśan-mahāpuruṣalakṣaṇāni*, 32 signes favorables du Grand Homme) de la version chinoise.

Notre manuscrit présente des caractéristiques que l'on retrouve dans les manuscrits sanscrits du Népal. La plus importante de ces particularités est la négligence nombreuse du "saṁdhi". Mais le "saṁdhi" étant sujet à l'influence de l'"avasâna" (pause) du récitant selon les circonstances

particulières dans les sūtras de cette catégorie, nous n'avons pas voulu régulariser notre texte d'après des règles du "saṃdhi" dans le sanscrit classique.

Pour corriger les fautes de transcription et pour rétablir les lacunes de notre manuscrit, nous avons consulté l'*édition d'Oxford*, les *Notes critiques* du Dr. WOGIWARA, l'édition de la version tibétaine du *Sukhāvatīvyūha*: 'phags pa 'od dpag med kyi bkod pa shes bya ba theg pa chen po'i mdo par Ekai KAWAGUCHI dans *Jyōdo Sanbukyō* (voir ci-dessus), et le manuscrit conservé dans la Bibliothèque de l'Université de Kyoto (Ms. 19 de notre liste). De ce dernier, nous n'avons adopté qu'un très petit nombre de lectio varia. Nous n'avons pas signalé dans les notes de simple fautes d'écriture ni des lacunes insignifiantes de notre manuscrit. Nous n'avons pas utilisé le manuscrit appartenant à la Bibliothèque de l'Université Tokai. Ce beau manuscrit, qui comporte toutefois de nombreuses fautes de transcription et des lacunes, est sans valeur pour l'établissement du texte.

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Nous exprimons ici notre vive reconnaissance à notre collègue, M. Y. IWAMOTO, chargé de cours à l'Université de Kyoto, dont la collaboration dévouée nous a permis d'éviter bien des erreurs.

A. A.

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## Abréviations

- O. Edition d'Oxford par M. MÜLLER et B. NANJIO.
  - K. Manuscrit conservé dans la Bibliothèque de l'Université de Kyoto.
  - S. Manuscrit de base.
  - T. Version tibétaine, éd. par E. KAWAGUCHI. WOGIWARA. Notes critiques sur l'édition d'Oxford.
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## Addenda et Corrigenda.

- p. 2, l. 19. S donne *varadam* au lieu de *vanadam*. Cf. *Buddhacarita* 2, (29) : śarat-toyoda-pāṇḍareṣu .....vimāneṣu iva rāñjiteṣu.
- p. 65, l. 1. S -nāthām, O -nāthāna. Cf. T. : 'jig rten mgon gyi spyad la (*lokānāthasya caryāyām*).

## SUKHĀVATĪVYŪHA

Om̄ namo daśadiganantāparyantalokadhātupratiṣṭhitabhyaḥ sarvabuddhabodhisattvāryaśrāvakapratyekabuddhebhyo 'titānā-  
gatapratyutpannebhyaḥ.

namo 'mitābhāya. namo 'mitāyuṣe. namo<sup>1</sup> 'cintyaguṇāka-  
rātmane.

namo 'mitābhāya jīnāya, te mune.  
Sukhāvatīm yāmi te cānukampayā.  
Sukhāvatīm kanakavicitrakānanāṁ  
manoramāṁ sugatasutair alaṁkṛtāṁ.  
tathāśrayāṁ prathitayaśasya dhimataḥ,  
prayāmi tāṁ bahuguṇaratnasāṁcayām.

[1 b] evam̄ mayā śrutam̄: ekasmin samaye Bhagavān Rāja-  
grhe viharati sma, Gṛdhrikūte parvate mahatā bhikṣusam-  
ghena sārdhamā dvātriṁśatā bhikṣusahasraīḥ, sarvair arhad-  
bhiḥ kṣīṇāsravair niḥkleśair uśitavadbhiḥ samyagājñāsuvi-  
muktacittaiḥ parikṣīṇabhaवासाम्योजना [2 a] hasrair anuprāp-  
tasvakārtha॒air vijitavadbhir<sup>2</sup>, uttamadamane śamathaprāptaiḥ,  
suvimuktacittaiḥ suvimuktaprajñair mahānāgaiḥ, ṣaḍabhi�nair  
vaśibhūta॒air aşṭavimokṣadhyāyibhir balaprāptair abhijñānābhi-  
jñātaīḥ<sup>3</sup>, sthavirair, mahāśrāvakaiḥ. tad yathā : Ājñātakaun-  
ḍinyena ca, Aśvajitā ca, Bāṣpeṇa ca, Mahānāmnā ca, Bha-

1. *namo namo.*

2. S écrit *hasrair...vijitavadbhir* à la fin du revers du premier feillet.

3. *S anabhi�nabhi�nataiḥ.* Rétabli par T : *mion par šes pa mion par šes pa.* Cf. Saddharmaṇḍarika : 1, 9.

drajītā ca, Yaśodevena ca, Vimalena ca, Subāhunā ca, Pūrṇe-na ca Maitrāyaṇiputreṇa<sup>1</sup>, Gavāṁpatinā ca, Uruvilvākāśyapa-  
pena ca, Nadikāśyapena ca, Bhadrakāśyapena ca, Kumārakā-  
śyapena ca, Mahākāśyapena ca, Śāri[2 b]putreṇa ca<sup>2</sup>, Mahā-  
maudgalyāyanena ca, Mahākapphinena ca, Mahācundena ca,  
Aniruddhena ca, Rādhena ca, Nandikena ca, Kimpilena ca,  
Subhūtinā ca, Revatena ca, Khadiravanikena ca, Vakkulena  
ca, Svāgatena ca, Amogharājena ca, Pārāyaṇikena ca, Panthe-  
na ca, Cūlapanthena ca, Nandena ca, Rāhulena ca, āyuṣmatā  
cānandena<sup>3</sup>. ebhiś cānyaiś cābhijñānābhijñātaiḥ<sup>4</sup> sthavirair  
mahāśrāvakair, ekapudgalāṁ sthāpayitvā śaikṣapratipady utta-  
rikaraṇiyam, yad idam : āyuṣmantam Ānandam, Maitreya-  
pūrvamāgamais ca sāmbahulaiś ca bodhisattvair mahāsattvaiḥ.

atha khalv āyuṣmā[3 a]n Ānanda utthāyāsanād ekāṁśam  
uttarāsaṅgam kṛtvā dakṣiṇāṁ jānumaṇḍalam pṛthivyāṁ pra-  
tiṣṭhāpya yena Bhagavāṁs tenāñjaliṁ praṇamya Bhagavantam  
etad avocat : viprasannāni ca tava Bhagavata indriyāṇi,  
pariśuddhaś chavivarṇaḥ, paryavadāto mukhavarṇaḥ pīta-  
nirbhāsaḥ, tad yathā śāradāni vanadāni<sup>\*</sup> pāṇḍu pari-  
śuddhaṁ paryavadātaṁ pītanirbhāsaṁ. evam eva Bhagavato  
viprasannānindriyāṇi, pariśuddho mukhavarṇaḥ, paryavadāś  
chavivarṇaḥ pītanirbhāsaḥ. tad yathāpi nāma Bhagavañ  
Jāmbūnadasuvarṇaniṣko, dakṣeṇa karmāreṇa karmāra[3 b]  
putreṇa volkāmukhe<sup>5</sup> sampraveśya supariniṣhitāḥ pāṇḍu-

1. S insère *ca* après *Maitrāyaṇiputreṇa*.

2. S omet *ca*.

3. S insère *ca* après *cānandena*.

4. S *abhiñata[bhī]jñataih*, v. supra p. 1, n. 3.

5. *volkāmukhena*. WOGIWARA et F. EDGERTON préfèrent la leçon *volka-  
mukhe*. v. un manuscrit de Cambridge (Ad. 1368) et T : *shig gi nan du*.

\* S. donne varaḍam au lieu de varaḍam.

cf. Buddharūpa 2 (29) : Śārat-toyoda-pāṇḍaresu... vimāneṣu  
iva rājñiṣesu .

kambalair upari kṣipto, 'tīvapariśuddho bhavati ; paryavadātaḥ  
pītanirbhāsaḥ. evam eva Bhagavato viprasannānindriyāṇi,  
pariśuddho mukhavarṇaḥ, paryavadāś chavivarṇaḥ pītanir-  
bhāsaḥ. na khalu punar aham Bhagavann abhijānāmi : iti  
pūrvam purvataram, evam viprasannāni tathāgatasyendriyāṇy,  
evam pariśuddham mukhavarṇam<sup>2</sup>, paryavadātāṁ chavivarṇam  
pītanirbhāsam. tasya me Bhagavann evam bhavati : buddha-  
vihāreṇa vatādyā tathāgato viharati ; jinavihāreṇa, sarvajñatā-  
vi[4 a]hāreṇa, mahānāgavihāreṇa vatādyā tathāgato viharati.  
atītānāgatapratyutpannān<sup>3</sup> tathāgatān arhataḥ samyaksan-  
buddhān samanupaśyatīti.

evam ukte, Bhagavān āyuṣmantam Ānandam etad avocat :  
sādhu sādhv Ānanda, kiṁ punas te devatā etam<sup>4</sup> artham āro-  
cayanty, utāho buddhā bhagavantaḥ. atha svena<sup>5</sup> pratyutpan-  
namimāṁsājñānenaivam<sup>6</sup> prajānā[4 b]siti. evam ukte, āyuṣmān<sup>15</sup>  
Ānando Bhagavantam etad avocat : na me Bhagavan devatā  
etam artham ārocayanti, nāpi buddhā bhagavantaḥ. atha  
tarhi me Bhagavan svenaiva pratyātmamimāṁsājñānenaivam  
bhavati : buddhavihāreṇādyā tathāgato viharati ; jinavihāreṇa,  
sarvajñatāvihāreṇa<sup>7</sup>, mahānāgavihāreṇa vatādyā tathāgato vi-  
harati ; atītānāgatapratyutpannān<sup>8</sup> sarvān buddhān bhagavataḥ

1. *pariśuddhamukha*<sup>°</sup>.

2. *mukhavarṇaḥ*.

3. *-utpannānām*.

4. evam. v. infra l. 17.

5. Il faut sans aucune doute rétablir ici *pratyatma*., v. infra l. 18.

6. S écrit doublement le passage depuis (*prajānā*)siti jusqu'à *atha tena  
pratyutpannamimāṁsājñānena evam prajānā(siti)* à la fin du quatrième  
feuillet.

7. S donne *sarvatathāgata*- au lieu de *sarvajñata*- Cf. supra ligne 8.

8. *pratyutpannān*.

samanupaśyatiti<sup>1</sup>.

evam ukte, Bhagavān āyuṣmantam Ānandam etad avocat : sādhū sādhv Ānanda ; udāraḥ khalu ta unmiñjih, [5 a] bhadrikā mīmāṁsā<sup>2</sup>, kalyānam pratibhānam, bahujanahitāya yas tvam Ānanda pratipanno, bahujanasukhāya, lokānukampāyai, mahato janakāyasyārthāya, hitāya sukhāya devānām ca manuṣyānām ca, yas tvam tathāgatam etam arthaṁ paripraṣṭavyam manyase. evam etad bhavaty<sup>3</sup> Ānanda, tathāgateṣv arhatsu samyaksāṁbuddheṣv aprameyeṣv asamkhyeyeṣu jñānadarśanam<sup>4</sup> upasamīharataḥ, na ca tathāgatasya jñānam upahanyate. tat kasya hetoh. <sup>5</sup>apratihatahetujñānadarśano hy Ānanda tathāgataḥ. ākāṅkṣan Ānanda tathāgata [5 b] ekaṇḍapātēna kalpaṁ vā tiṣṭhet, kalpaśatam vā, kalpasahasram vā, <sup>6</sup>kalpaśatasahasram vā, yāvat kalpakoṭinayutaśatasahasram vā, tato vottari, na ca tathāgatasyendriyāṇy upanaśyeyuḥ<sup>7</sup>; na mukhavarṇasyānyathātvam bhavet; nāpi chavivarṇa upahanyate. tat kasya hetoh. tathā hy Ānanda tathāgataḥ samādhimukha-pāramitāprāptah<sup>8</sup>. samyaksāṁbuddhānām Ānanda loke sudurlabhaḥ prādurbhāvah; tad yathodumbarapuṣpāṇām loke prādurbhāvah sudurlabho bhavati, evam eva tathāgatānām arthakāmānām hitaiṣiṇām anukampakānām mahākaruṇāpratipannānām sudurlabhaḥ prādurbhāvah. api tu khalv āryānanda

1. -paśyantti.

2. mīmāṁsāḥ.

3. bhagaty.

4. -darśanam.

5. apratihataḥ.

6. S omet la phrase: *kalpaśata-* ..... -nayutaśatasahasram vā. Rétabli par K.

7. upanāucayuḥ. De même dans K. T: नम pa med pa.

8. S a pāramī au lieu de pāramitā qui est garanti par T.

tathā[6 a]gatasyaivaiṣo 'nubhāvo, yas tvam sarvalokācāryānām sattvānām loke prādurbhāvāya bodhisattvānām mahāsattvānām arthāya tathāgatam etam arthaṁ paripraṣṭavyam manyase.

tena hy Ānanda śṛṇu sādhū ca suṣṭhu ca, manasi kuru. bhāsiṣye 'ham te. evam Bhagavann ity āyuṣmān Ānando Bhagavataḥ pratyāśrauṣit.

Bhagavāṁs tasyaitad avocat: bhūtāpūrvam Ānandātite 'dhvanīto 'saṁkhyeye kalpe 'saṁkhyeyatare vipule 'prameye 'cintye, yadāsīt tena kālena tena samayena Dipamīkaro nāma tathāgato 'rhan samyaksāṁbuddho loka u[6 b]dapādi. Dipamīkarasyānanda pareṇa parataram Pratāpavān nāma tathāgato 'bhūt. tasya pareṇa parataram Prabhākaro nāma tathāgato 'bhūt. tasya pareṇa parataram Candanagandho nāma tathāgato 'bhūt. tasya pareṇa parataram Sumerukalpo nāma tathāgato 'bhūt. evam Candrānano<sup>1</sup> nāma, Vimalānano nāma, Anupalipto nāma, Vimalaprabho nāma, Nāgābhibhūr nāma, Sūryānano nāma, Girirājaghoṣo nāma, Sumerukūṭo nāma, Suvarṇaprabhāso nāma, Jyotiṣprabho nāma, Vaiḍūryanirbhāso nāma, Brahmaghoṣo nāma, Candrābhibhūr nāma, Sūryagho[7 a]ṣo nāma, Muktakusumapratimaṇḍitaprabho nāma, Śrīkūṭo nāma, Sāgaravarabuddhivikrīḍitābhijño nāma, Varaprabho nāma, Mahāgandharājanirbhāso<sup>2</sup> nāma, Vyapagatakhilamalapratigho<sup>3</sup> nāma, Śūrakūṭo nāma, Ratnajaho nāma, Mahāguṇadharabudhīprāptābhijño nāma, Candasūryajihmikaraṇo nāma, Uttapta-vaiḍūryanirbhāso nāma, Cittadhārābuddhisamkuśumitābhuyd-

1. *Candrānano*. Retabli par T: zla ba'i shal.

2. S donne -garjja- au lieu de -rāja qui est garanti par T: spos kyi rgyal po.

3. S donne -lila- au lieu de -khila-, la leçon qui est attesté par T: tha ba. v. infra *Vyapagatakhiladoṣo* (p. 6, l. 12)

gato nāma, Puṣṭavatīvanarājasamkusumitābhijño nāma, Puṣṭakaro nāma, Udkacandropamo nāma, Avidyāndhakāravidhvaiṁsanakaro nāma, Lokendro nāma, Mukta<sup>(7 b)</sup>cchatrāpravāḍasadṛśo nāma, Tiṣyo nāma, Dharmamativinanditarājo nāma, Siṁha-sāgarakūṭavinanditarājo nāma, Sāgaramerucandro nāma, Brahmaśvaranādābhīnandino nāma, Kusumasaṁbhavo nāma, Prāptaseno nāma, Candrabhānur nāma, Merukūṭo nāma, Candra-prabho nāma, Vimalanetro nāma, Girirājaghoṣeśvaro nāma, Kusumaprabho nāma, Kusumavṛṣṭyābhīprakīrṇo nāma, Ratna-cchattro nāma, Padmavīthyupaśobhito nāma, <sup>1</sup>Tagaragandho nāma, Ratnanirbhāso nāma, Nirmito nāma, Mahāvyūho nāma, Vyapagata<sup>(8 a)</sup>khiladoṣo nāma, Brahmagoṣo nāma, Saptarat-nābhivṛṣṭo nāma, Mahāguṇadharo nāma, Tamālapatracanda-nakardamo nāma, Kusumābhijño nāma, Ajñānavidhvaiṁsano nāma, Keśari nāma, Muktacchattro nāma, Suvarṇagarbho nāma, Vaidūryagarbho nāma, Mahāketur nāma, Dharmake-tur nāma, Ratnaśrīr nāma, Narendro nāma, Lokendro nāma, Kāruṇiko nāma, Lokasundaro nāma, Brahmaketur nāma, Dharmamatir nāma, Siṁho nāma, Siṁhamatir nāma, Siṁha-mater Ānanda pareṇa parataram Lokeśvararājo nāma tathā-gato 'rhan samyaksam-buddho<sup>(8 b)</sup> loka udapādi, vidyācaraṇa-saṁpannah, sugato, lokavidanuttaraḥ, puruṣadamyaśārathiḥ, śāstā devānam ca manusyāṇām ca, buddho, bhagavān.

tasya khalu punar Ananda Lokeśvararājasya tathāgatasyār-hataḥ samyaksam-buddhasya pravacane Dharmākaro nāma bhikṣur abhūd, adhimātraṁ smṛtimān, gativān, prajñāvān, adhimātraṁ vīryavān, udārādhimuktih.

atha khalu Ānanda sa Dharmākaro bhikṣur utthāyāsanād

1. S a *Candanagandho nāma* avant *Tagara-*.

ekāṁsam uttarāsaṅgam<sup>1</sup> kṛtvā, dakṣiṇam jānumaṇḍalam pṛthi-vyāṁ pratiṣṭhāpya, yenāsau bhagavān Lokeśvararājas tathā-gatas tenā<sup>(9 a)</sup>ñjalim praṇamya, bhagavantam namaskṛtya, tasmīn samaye saṁmukham ābhīr gāthābhīr abhyaṣṭāvit :

5  
amitaprabha, anantatulyabuddhe,  
na ca iha anyaprabhā vibhāti kācit.  
sūryamaṇisiriṇa<sup>2</sup> candra-ābhā,  
na tapi na bhāsiṣu ebhi sarvaloke. (1)  
rūpam api anantu sattvasāre,  
tatha api buddhasvaro anantaghoṣaḥ.  
śīlam api samādhiprajñaviryaiḥ  
sadṛśu na te 'stiha loki kaścid anyaḥ. (2)  
gabhiru vipulu sūkṣma prāptu dharmo,  
acintatu buddhavaro yathā samudraḥ.  
tenonnamanā na cāsti śāstuḥ,  
khiladoṣām jahiyā atārṣi pāram. (3)  
yatha buddhava<sup>(9 b)</sup>ro anantatejā  
pratapati<sup>3</sup> sarvadiśā narendrarājā,  
tatha ahu buddha bhavitva dharmasvāmī,  
jaramaraṇān prajām pramocayeyam. (4)  
dānadamathaśīlakṣāntivīrya-  
dhyānasamādhi tathaiva agraśreṣṭhām,  
ebhi ahu vratām samādadāmī,  
buddha bhaviṣyāmi sarvasattvatrātā. (5)  
buddhaśatasahasrakoṭy anekā

1. *uttarān saṅgam*.

2. Sic. De même dans K. O *giriśa*. A la lumière du T, WOGIWARA est tenté de lire *maṇi-gaṇo 'tha*. Compte tenu du mètre, il faut peut-être rétablir *śikhariṇa*.

3. *pratapasi*.

yathariva vālika Gaṅgayā anantā,  
sarva ta ahu pūjayiṣya nāthān  
śivavarabodhigaveṣako atulyām. (6)

Gaṅgarajasamāna lokadhātūm  
tatram bhūyottari ye ananta kṣetrā,  
sarvata prabha muñcayiṣye tatrā  
iti etādṛśi vi<sup>1</sup>[10a]ryam ārabhiṣye. (7)

kṣetra mama udāru agraśreṣṭho,  
varam iha maṇḍa pi saṁskṛtesmin.  
asadṛśa nirvāṇalokadhātusaukhyam,  
tac ca asattvatayā viśodhayiṣye. (8)

daśadiśata samāgatāni sattvā  
tatram gatāḥ sukham edhiṣyanti<sup>2</sup> kṣipram.  
buddha mama pramāṇa atra sākṣi,  
avītathavīryabalaṁ janemi cchandam. (9)

daśadiśe lokavidū asaṅgajñānī  
sada mama cittu prajānayantu te pi.  
avīcīgatu aharā sadā vaseyām,  
prāṇidhibalaṁ na punar nivartayiṣye. (10)

atha khalu Ānanda sa Dharmākaro bhikṣus tam bhagavan-  
tarām Lokeśvararājām tathāgatam [10b] saṁmukham ābhīr gā-  
thābhīr abhiṣṭutiyaitad avocat : aham asmi<sup>3</sup> Bhagavann anuttarā-  
mām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄bodhukāmaḥ, punaḥ punar  
anuttarāyām samyaksam̄bodhau<sup>4</sup> cittam utpādayāmi, pariṇāma-  
yāmi. tasya me Bhagavān sādhū tathā dharmām deśayatu,  
yathāharām kṣipram anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-

1. *etisanti*. WOGIWARA rétablit *edhiṣyanti* qui est bien donné par T : *bde la dga' bar gyur*.

2. *S asmin*. K *asmīn*.

3. *anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhaiś*. Rétabli par K et T.

budheyām ; asamasamas tathāgato loke bhavyeyām ; tāṁś ca me Bhagavān ākārān parikirtayatu, yair ahaṁ buddhakṣetrasya guṇavyūhasaṁpadām<sup>1</sup> parigṛhṇiyām. evam uktaś cānanda sa bhagavām Lokeśvararājas tathāgata[11a]s tam bhikṣum etad avocat : tena hi tvām bhikṣo svayam eva buddhakṣetra-guṇālāṁkāravyūhasaṁpadām parigṛhṇiṣe. so 'vocat : nāhaṁ Bhagavann utsahe. api tu Bhagavān eva bhāṣatv anyeśām tathāgatānām buddhakṣetraguṇavyūhālāṁkārasaṁpadām, yām śrutvā vayaṁ sarvākārām paripūrayiṣyāma iti.

athānanda sa Lokeśvararājas tathāgato 'rhan samyaksam̄buddhas tasya bhikṣor āśayām jñātvā, paripūrṇām varṣakoṭīm<sup>2</sup> ekāśitibuddhakoṭīnayutasatasasrānām buddhakṣetraguṇālāṁkāravyūhasaṁpadām sākārām soddeśām sanirdeśām saṁprakāśitavān ; arthakāmo, [11b] hitaiṣy, anukampako, 'nukampām upādāya, buddhanetryānupacchedāya, sattveṣu mahākaruṇām saṁjanayitvā<sup>3</sup>. paripūrṇāmī ca dvācatvārimśatkalpāmī tasya bhagavata āyuṣpramāṇam abhūt.

atha khalv Ānanda sa Dharmākaro bhikṣur yās teṣām ekāśitibuddhakoṭīnayutasatasasrānām buddhakṣetraguṇālāṁkāravyūhasaṁpadas<sup>4</sup> tāś ca sarvā ekabuddhakṣetre<sup>5</sup> parigṛhya, bhagavato Lokeśvarasya tathāgatasya pādau śirasā vanditvā, pradakṣinikṛtya, tasya bhagavato 'ntikāt prākrāmat. uttari ca pañcakalpān buddhakṣetraguṇālāṁkāravyūhasaṁ[12a]pa-

1. *guṇavyūhasaṁpada*. De même dans K. Peut-être il faut rétablir *guṇālāṁkāravyūhasaṁpadām*, la leçon qu'atteste T. Cf. infra l. 6 et la suite.

2. *-nam varṣakoṭī*.

3. *mahākaruṇāsaṁjanayāmī*, Rétabli par T.

4. *ya ... saṁpadāmī*.

5. *sarvān eka buddhakṣetra*. cf. T : *de dag thams cad sañis rgyas kyi shin gcig tu yonis su bzui nas = tāṁś ca sarvān buddhakṣetraṇ ek(abuddha-kṣetr)e parigṛhya*.

dam, udāratarāṁś ca praṇītatarāṁś<sup>1</sup> ca, sarvaloke daśasu dikṣv apracaritapūrvāṁ parigṛhitavān ; udāraṁ ca praṇidhānam akārṣit. iti hy Ānanda yā tena bhagavatā Lokeśvararājena tathāgatena teṣām ekāśitibuddhakṣetrakoṭinayutaśatasahasrā-

<sup>5</sup> ṣāṁś<sup>2</sup> saṁpattiḥ kathitā, tato 'tirekāny udārapraṇītāprameya-

tarāṁ buddhakṣetrasaṁpattiṁ<sup>3</sup> parigṛhya, yena sa tathāgatas tenopasāṁkramya<sup>4</sup>, tasya bhagavataḥ pādau śirasā vanditvaitad avocat : parigṛhitā me bhagavan buddhakṣetraguṇālaṁkāra-  
vyūhasaṁpad iti. evam ukte, Ā(12b)nanda, sa Lokeśvararā-

<sup>10</sup> jas tathāgatas tam bhikṣum etad avocat : tena hi bhikṣo bhā-  
śasva. anumodate tathāgataḥ. ayam kālo bhikṣo<sup>5</sup>, pramo-  
daya parṣadām, harṣam janaya, siṁhanādām nada, yam<sup>6</sup> śru-  
tvā bodhisattvā mahāsattvā etarhy anāgate cādhvany evaṁrū-  
pāṇi buddhakṣetrasaṁpatti-praṇidhānāni parigṛhiṣyanti.

<sup>15</sup> athānanda sa Dharmākaro bhikṣus tasyāṁ velāyāṁ tam bhagavantam etad avocat : tena hi śṛṇotu me bhagavān, ye mama praṇidhānavišeṣāḥ, yathā me 'nuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhasye. acintyaguṇālaṁkāra-vyūha-saṁvā-  
(13a)gataṁ tad buddhakṣetraṁ bhaviṣyati :

<sup>20</sup> 1. sacen me bhagavaṁś tasmin buddhakṣetre nirayo vā, tiryagyonir vā, pretaviṣayo vāsuro vā kāyo bhavet, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhyeyam<sup>7</sup>.

2. sacen me bhagavaṁś tatra buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ

1. *praṇītatarāṁś ca.*

2. *ekaśte*. S omet -*kṣetra*- qui est bien donné par T.

3. -*tarāṁ* ... -*saṁpatti*.

4. -*saṁkramyas*.

5. *bhikṣu*.

6. *yah*.

7. *abhisam̄buddhyeyam*.

pratyājātā bhavyeṣus, te punas tataś cyutvā<sup>1</sup>, nirayaṁ vā, tiryagyonir vā, pretaviṣayaṁ vāsuraṁ vā kāyaṁ prapateyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhyeyam.

3. sacen me bhagavaṁś<sup>2</sup> tatra buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ  
pratyājātās, te ca sarve naikavarṇāḥ syur, yad idam : suvar-  
ṇavarnā(13b)ḥ, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhyeyam.

4. sacen me bhagavaṁś<sup>3</sup> tasmin buddhakṣetre devānāṁ ca manuṣyānāṁ ca nānātvāṁ prajñayetānyatra nāma-saṁketa-  
saṁvṛtivyavahāramātrā devā manuṣyā iti saṁkhyāgaṇānāto,  
mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhyeyam.

5. sacen me bhagavaṁś tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ  
pratyājātās te cet sarve na rddhivaśitā paramapāramitāprāptā  
bhavyeṣur, antaśa ekacittakṣaṇalavena buddhakṣetrakoṭiniyuta-  
śatasahasrātikramaṇatayāpi, mā tāvad a(14a)ham anuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhyeyam.

6. sacen me bhagavaṁś tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ  
pratyājātā bhavyeṣus, te cet sarve na jātismarā syur, antaśaḥ  
kalpakoṭiniyutaśatasahasrānusmaraṇatayāpi, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambo-  
dhim abhisam̄buddhyeyam.

7. sacen me bhagavaṁś tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ  
pratyājāyerāṁs, te sarve na divyasya cakṣuṣo<sup>4</sup> lābhino bhavye-  
yur, antaśo lokadhātu koṭinayutaśatasahasrādarśanatayāpi, mā

1. S donne *tatra śrutvā* au lieu de *tataś cyutvā*, la leçon qu'atteste T : *de nas si 'phos nas*.

2. *bhagavaṁś*.

3. S donne *divyena cakṣuṣā* au lieu de *divyasya cakṣuṣo*, la leçon qu'atteste T : *lha'i mig thob par ma gyur pa*.

tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

8. sace<sub>[14b]</sub>n me bhagavaṁs tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ pratyājāyeram̄s, te sarve na divyasya śrotrasya lābhino bhaveyur, antaśo buddhakṣetrakoṭinayutaśatasasrasād api yu-  
gapat saddharmaśravaṇatayā, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

9. sacen me bhagavaṁs tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ pratyājāyeram̄s, te sarve na paracittajñānakovidā bhaveyur, antaśo buddhakṣetrakoṭinayutaśatasasraparyāpannānāṁ sattvānāṁ cittacaritraparijñānatayā, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam<sup>1</sup>.

10. sacen me [15a] bhagavaṁs tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ pratyājāyeram̄s, teśāṁ kācit parigrahasamjñotpadye-  
tāntaśah svaśarire 'pi, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

11. sacen me bhagavaṁs tasmin buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ pratyājāyeram̄s, te sarve na niyatāḥ<sup>2</sup> syur, yad idam : samyak-  
tve yāvan mahāparinirvāṇād, mā tāvad anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

12. sacen me bhagavaṁs tasmin buddhakṣetre 'nuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄buddhasya, kaścid eva sattvāḥ [15b] śrāvakānāṁ gaṇānāṁ adhigacched, antaśas trisāhasra-  
mahāśasraparyāpannā api sarvasattvāḥ pratyekabuddhabhū-  
tāḥ kalpakoṭinayutaśatasasram̄ api gaṇayanto, mā tāvad  
aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

13. sacen me bhagavann<sup>3</sup> anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim

1. abhisa[ṁ]buddheyam.

2. nirayata. v. T : nes pa (Mahāvyutpatti 576 : niyata).

3. bhagavam.

abhisam̄buddhasya, tasmin buddhakṣetre prāmāṇikī me pra-  
bhā bhaved, antaśo buddhakṣetrakoṭinayutaśatasasrapramā-  
ṇenāpi, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhi-  
sambudhyeyam.

14. sacen me bhagavaṁs tasmin buddhakṣetre 'nuttarāṁ samyaksambodhi<sub>[16a]</sub>m abhisam̄buddhasya bodhiprāptasya, sattvānāṁ pramāṇikṛtyam āyuṣpramāṇāṁ bhaved, anyatra prāṇidhānavāśena, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

15. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasyāyuṣpramāṇāṁ par-  
yantikṛtyam bhaved, antaśah kalpakoṭinayutaśatasasragaṇa-  
nayāpi, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhi-  
sambudhyeyam.

16. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya tasmin buddha-  
kṣetre sattvānāṁ akuśalasya nāmadheyam api bhaven, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

17. sace<sub>[16b]</sub>n me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, nāprameyeśu buddhakṣetresv aprameyāśaṁkhyeyā buddhā bhagavato nāma-  
dheyam parikīrtayeyur, na varṇaiḥ bhāṣeran, na praśāṁsām abhyudirayeyur, na samudirayeyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

18. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, ye sattvā anyeśu lokadhātuṣ anuttarāyāḥ samyaksambodheś<sup>1</sup> cittam utpādyā, mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, prasannacittā mām anusmareyus, teśāṁ ced aham marañakālasamaye pratyupasthite bhikṣusam-  
ghaparivṛtaḥ puraskṛto na puratas tiṣṭheyam, [17a] yad idam : cittāvikṣepatāyi, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyak-

1. Sic S (aussi K). Cf. T : bla na med pa yañ dag par rdsogs pa'i byañ chub tu sems bskyed nas (anuttarāyāṁ samyaksambodhau cittam utpādyā).

sambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

19. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasyāprameyāsaṁkhye-  
yeṣu<sup>1</sup> buddhakṣetreṣu ye sattvāḥ mama nāmadheyān śrutvā,  
tatra buddhakṣetre cittam preṣayeyur, upapattaye kuśalamū-  
lāni ca pariṇāmayeyus, te ca tatra buddhakṣetre nopapadye-  
ran, antaśo daśabhiś cittotpādparivartaiḥ, sthāpayitvānantar-  
yakāriṇaḥ saddharmapratikṣepāvaraṇāvṛtāṁś ca sattvān, mā  
tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

20. [17b] sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra bud-  
dhakṣetre bodhisattvāḥ<sup>2</sup> pratyājāyeran, te sarve na dvātrimśā-  
tā mahāpuruṣalakṣaṇaiḥ samanvāgatā bhaveyur, mā tāvad  
aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

21. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-  
tre ye sattvāḥ pratyājātā bhaveyus, te sarve naikajātibaddhāḥ  
syur anuttarāyāṁ samyaksam̄bodhau, sthāpayitvā praṇidhāna-  
višeṣāṁś teṣām<sup>3</sup> eva bodhisattvānāṁ mahāsattvānāṁ, mahā-  
saṁnāhasaṁnaddhānāṁ, sarvalokārthasamānaddhānāṁ, sarva-  
lokārthābhīyuktānāṁ, sarvalokapa[18a]rinirvāpitābhīyuktānāṁ,  
sarvalokadhātuṣu bodhisattvacaryām caritukāmānāṁ, sarva-  
buddhān satkartukāmānāṁ, Gaṅgānadivālukasamān<sup>4</sup> sattvān  
anuttarāyāṁ samyaksam̄bodhau pratiṣṭhāpakānāṁ, bhūyaś co-  
ttaricaryābhīmukhānāṁ samantabhadracaryāniyatānāṁ, mā  
tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

22. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tad-buddhakṣetre

1. -saṁkhyeyasu.

2. Sic S (aussi K). Cf. T: *der sems can gani dag skyes bar gyur pa* (*tatra ye sattvāḥ pratyājāyeran*).

3. višeṣan tenaśām (K teṣām).

4. S donne la leçon -samānāṁ au lieu de -samān qui est attesté par T: *sem can gaṇigā'i kluṇi gi bye ma sñed*.

ye bodhisattvāḥ<sup>1</sup> pratyājātā bhaveyus, te sarva ekapurobhakte-  
nānyāni buddhakṣetrāṇi gatvā, bahūni buddhaśatāni, bahūni  
buddhasaḥasrāṇi, bahūni buddhaśatasahasrā[18b]ṇi, bahvīr  
buddhakoṭīr, yāvad bahūni buddhakoṭīniyutaśatasahasrāṇi, no-  
patiṣṭheran sarvasukhopadhānair, yad idāṁ : buddhānubhāve-  
na, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-  
budhyeyam.

23. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-  
tre ye bodhisattvā yathārūpair ākārair ākāṁkṣeyuḥ kuśala-  
mūlāny avalopitum, yad idāṁ : suvarṇena vā, rajatena vā,  
maṇimuktāvaidūryaśāṅkhaśilāpravāḍasphaṭikamusālagalvālohi-  
tamuktāśmagarbhādibhir<sup>2</sup> vānyatamānyatamaiḥ sarvaratnair  
vā, sarvapuṣpagandhamālyā[19a]vilepanacūrṇacīvaračchatra-  
dhvajapatākāpradīpair vā, sarvanṛtyagītavādyair vā, teṣāṁ  
cet tathārūpā ākārāḥ sahacittotpādān na prādūr bhaveyur,  
mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyey-  
am.

24. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣetre  
ye sattvāḥ pratyājātā bhaveyus, te sarve na sarvajñatāsaḥa-  
gatāṁ dharmāṁ kathāṁ kathayeyur, mā tāvad aham anutta-  
rāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

25. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-  
tre bodhisattvānāṁ<sup>3</sup> evaṁ cittam utpādyeta, yan nv ihaiva  
vayaṁ lokadhātau sthitvāpra[19b]meyāsaṁkhyeyeṣu buddha-  
kṣetreṣu<sup>4</sup> buddhān bhagavataḥ satkuryāmo gurukuryāmo mā-

1. T : *sem can gani dag skyes par gyur pa* (*ye sattvāḥ pratyājātā*).

2. -ādinām.

3. T donne la leçon *ye bodhisattvāḥ* (*byaṇi chub sems dpa' gani dag*) au  
lieu de *bodhisattvānām*.

4. buddhakṣetre.

nayemah pūjayemah, yad idam : cīvarapiṇḍapātaśayanāsanaglā-napratyayabhaiṣajyapariṣkāriḥ puṣpadhūpagandhamālyavilepanacūrṇacīvaracchatradhvajapatākābhīr nānāvidhanṛtagitavā-ditaratnavarṣair iti, teṣāṁ cet te buddhā bhagavantah sahacit-<sup>5</sup> totpādān tan na pratigṛhṇiyur, yad idam : anukampām upā-dāya, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>10</sup>budhyeyam.

26. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tad-buddhakṣetre ye bodhisattvāḥ<sup>1</sup> pratyājātā bhavyes, te sarve [20 a] na <sup>2</sup>nā-rāyanavajrasam̄hananātmabhāvasthāmapratilabdha bhavyur,<sup>10</sup> mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>15</sup>budhyeyam.

27. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-<sup>5</sup>tre kaścit sattvo 'laṅkārasya varṇaparyantam anugṛhṇīyād,<sup>10</sup> antaśo na divyenāpi cakṣuśaivainvarṇam<sup>3</sup> evaṁvibhūtir iti<sup>4</sup> buddhakṣetram iti nānāvarṇatāṁ saṁjāniyān, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>15</sup>budhyeyam.

28. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-<sup>5</sup>tre yaḥ sarvaparittakuśalamūlo bodhisattvāḥ sa śoḍāsayojana-<sup>10</sup>śatocchritam udā[20 b]ravarṇabodhivṛkṣam̄ na saṁjāniyān, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>15</sup>budhyeyam.

29. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-

1. Cf. Tib. *der sems can gañ dag* (*tatra ye sattvāḥ*).

2. S donne la leçon *nārāyanasam̄hatana-* au lieu de *nārāyanavajrasam̄hanana-* qui est attesté par T : *sred med kyi bu dañi, rdo rje ltar mkhregs pa.*

3. *eva varṇa.*

4. Sic S (de même dans K). Peut-être il faut rétablir *idam*. Cf. T : *sans rgyas kyi shin 'di'i gzi brjid ni.*

tre kasyacit sattvasyoddeśo vā svādhyāyo vā kartavyaḥ syān, na te sarve pratisam̄vitprāptā bhavyer, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>1</sup>budhyeyam.

30. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, naivamprabhā-svaraṁ tad buddhakṣetraṁ bhaved, yatra samantād aprame-yāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyāparimāṇāni buddhakṣetraṇi samīḍrye-<sup>5</sup>ran, tad yathāpi nāma suparimṛṣṭa<sup>2</sup> ādarśamaṇḍale mukha-maṇḍalam, mā tā[21 a]vad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>10</sup>budhyeyam.

31. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-<sup>10</sup>tre dharaṇitalam upādāya, yāvad antarikṣād, devamanuṣyavi-<sup>15</sup>ṣayātikrāntasyābhijātasya dhūpasya tathāgatasya bodhisattva-sya pūjā pratyahām<sup>3</sup> sarvaratnamayāni nānāsurabhigandhaghā-tikāśatasahasrāṇi sadā nirdhūpitāny eva na syur, mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>20</sup>budhyeyam.

32. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-<sup>5</sup>tre na sadābhīpraviṣṭāny eva sugandhinānāratnapuṣpavarṣāṇi, sadā pravā[21 b]ditāś ca manoñasvarā vādyameghā na syur,<sup>10</sup> mā tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>15</sup>budhyeyam.

33. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, ye sattvā aprameyāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyeṣu lokadhātuṣ abhayā sphuṭā bhavyes, te sarve na devamanuṣyasamatikrāntena sukhenā sa-

1. On trouve dans la version tibétaine le 30<sup>me</sup> suivant ce praṇidhāna. L'original sanskrit en serait probablement : *sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣetre ye sattvāḥ pratyajata bhavyes, te sarve na prajñānantapratibhānapratilabdha bhavyur, ma tāvad aham anuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄-<sup>1</sup>budhyeyam.*

2. *-paripṛṣṭha.* Rétabli par T : *śin tu phis pa.*

3. Cf. T : *'os pa (pratyarha).* O : *tathāgatabodhisattvapajapratyarhasya.* Peut-être convient-il de lire : *pūjārtham* ou *pūjāyai pratyaham.*

manvāgatā bhavyeyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksam-  
bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

34. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, samantād cāprameyāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyāparimānešu buddhakṣetrešu bodhi-  
sattvā mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, tac-chravaṇasahagatena  
[22 a] kuśalamūlena jātivyavṛttāḥ santo, na dhāraṇipratilabdhaṁ  
bhavyeyur, yāvad bodhimaṇḍaparyantam iti, mā tāvad aham  
anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

35. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, samantād aprame-  
yāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyāparimānešu buddhakṣetrešu yāḥ striyo  
mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, prasādaṁ samjanayeyur, bodhi-  
cittān cotpādayeyuḥ, stribhāvān ca vijugupsyeran, jātivy-  
avṛttāḥ samānāḥ sace dvitīyam stribhāvān pratilabheran,  
mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksambo[22 b]dhim abhisam̄-  
budhyeyam.<sup>1</sup>

36. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, samantād daśasu  
dikṣv aprameyāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyāparimānešu buddhakṣe-  
trešu ye bodhisattvā mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, praṇipatya  
pañcamāṇḍalanamaskāreṇa vandiyante, te bodhisattvacaryām  
caranto, na sadevakena lokena namasā satkṛtyeran<sup>2</sup>, mā tāvad  
aham anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

37. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, kasyacid bodhisat-  
tvasya cīvaradhāvanaśoṣaṇasīvanarajanakarma kartavyām bha-

1. Selon la version tibétaine il y a un praṇidhāna suivant ce 35<sup>me</sup> (le 36<sup>me</sup> de la version tibétaine). L'original sanscrit en serait peut-être comme suivant : *sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, samantād aprameyāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyāparimānešu buddhakṣetrešu ye sattvā mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, taccharavaṇamātreṇa na brahmacaryām careyur, yāvad bodhimaṇḍaparyantaṁ, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.*

2. *lokena me satkṛt*. K: *loke[na]namaskṛtyeran*.

ven, na <sup>1</sup>*navanavābhijātacīvara*[23 a] *ratnaiḥ*<sup>2</sup> prāvṛtam evātmā-  
nam samjāniyuḥ, saha cīttotpādāt<sup>3</sup> tathāgatasyājñānujñātair, mā  
tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

38. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣetre  
sahotpannāḥ sattvā naivaṁvidham sukhān pratilabherāṁs,<sup>5</sup>  
tad yathāpi nāma niśparidāhasyārhato bhikṣos ṣṭriyadhyāna-  
samāpannasya, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim  
abhisam̄budhyeyam.

39. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣe-  
tre ye bodhisattvāḥ pratyājātās, te yathārūpāṁ buddhakṣe-  
traguṇālāmākāravyūham ā[23 b]kāṁkṣeyus, tathārūpāṁ nānā-  
ratnavṛkṣebhyo na samjāniyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarām  
samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.<sup>10</sup>

40. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tam mama nā-  
madheyam śrutvānyabuddhakṣetropapannā bodhisattvā indri-  
yabalavaikalpaṁ nirgaccheyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarām  
samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.<sup>15</sup>

41. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tad-anyabuddha-  
kṣetrasthā bodhisattvā mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, sahaśrava-  
ṇān na suvibhaktavatīm nāma samādhiṁ pratilabheran, yatra<sup>20</sup>  
samādhau sthitvā bodhisattvā ekakṣaṇavyatihārenāprameyā-  
saṁkhye[24 a]yācintyātulyāparimāṇān buddhān bhagavataḥ  
paśyanti, sa caiśām samādhir antarā vipranaśyen, mā tāvad  
aham anuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

1. La leçon *navanavābhi-* est guranti par T: *sar pa khy'e'u tshai rigs zai ba*.

2. S donne la leçon *cīvaratvaiḥ* au lieu de *cīvararatnaiḥ* qui est attesté par T: *chos gos rin po che*.

3. -*padāṁ*. v. T: *sems bskyed ma thag tu*.

42. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, tac-chravaṇasahagatena kuśalamūlena sattvā nābhijātakulopapattiṁ prati labheran, yāvad bodhimāṇḍaparyantam, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

43. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tad-anyeṣu buddha-kṣetreṣu ye sattvā<sup>1</sup> mama nāmadheyam śrutvā, tac-chravaṇasahagatena<sup>2</sup> kuśalamūlena yāvad bodhi[24 b]paryantam<sup>3</sup> na sarve bodhisattvacaryāyām<sup>4</sup> prītiprāmodyakuśalamūlasama-vadhānagatā bhavyeyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

44. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, sahanāmadheya-śravaṇāt<sup>5</sup> tad-anyeṣu lokadhātuṣu<sup>6</sup> bodhisattvā na samantānu-gatam nāma samādhiṁ prati labheran, yatra sthitvā bodhi-sattvā ekakṣaṇavyatihārenāprameyāsaṁkhyeyācintyāparimāṇān buddhān bhagavataḥ satkurvanti, sa caiṣām samādhīr antarād<sup>7</sup> vipranaśyed, yāvad bodhimāṇḍaparyantam, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samya[25 a]ksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

45. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣetre<sup>8</sup> ye bodhisattvāḥ pratyājātā bhavyeyus, te yathārūpām dhar-madeśānām ākāṁkṣeyuh<sup>9</sup>, śrotum tathārupām sahacittotpādān<sup>10</sup>

1. Cf. T: *byan chub sems dpa' gan dag* (*ye bodhisattvāḥ*).

2. S omet *sahagatena* qui est attesté par T. v. supra l. 2.

3. Sic S (de même dans K). Peut-être il faut rétablir *bodhimāṇḍaparyantam*. v. supra l. 3 et infra l. 17.

4. *bodhisattvacaryām*. v. T: *byan chub sems dpa'i spyod pa la*.

5. -śravaṇā. v. T: *bdag gi miñ thos ma thag tu*.

6. S omet *lokadhātuṣu* qui est attesté par T: *'di las gshan du gyur pa'i 'jig rten gyi khams rnams su*.

7. *anuttarād*. K. *anuttarā*. O: *antarā* (sans l. v.).

8. -deśānā kām̄kṣeyuh.

9. -pāda.

na śṛṇuyur, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam

46. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣetre<sup>1</sup> tad-anyeṣu buddhakṣetreṣu ye bodhisattvā mama nāmadheyam śṛṇuyur, yaś te sahanāmadheyaśravaṇān nāvaivarttikā bhavyeyur anuttarāyāḥ samyaksambodher, mā tāvad<sup>2</sup> aham anuttarām samyaksambodhim abhisam̄[25 b]budhyeyam.

47. sacen me bhagavan bodhiprāptasya, tatra buddhakṣetre<sup>3</sup> ye bodhisattvā mama nāmadheyam śṛṇuyus, te sahanāmadheyaśravaṇān na prathamadvitīyatṛtyāḥ kṣāntīḥ<sup>4</sup> pratila-bheran, nāvaivarttiko bhaved buddhadharmebhyo, mā tāvad aham anuttarām samyaksambodhim abhisam̄budhyeyam.

atha khalv Ānanda sa Dharmākaro bhikṣur imān evamrū-pān praṇidhānaviśeṣān nirdiśya, tasyām velāyām buddhānu-bhāvenemā gāthā abhāṣata :

saci mi imi viśiṣṭa naikarūpā  
varapraṇidhāna siyā khu bodhiprā[26 a]pte,  
ma ahu siya narendra sattvasāro,  
daśabala dhāri atulyadakṣinīyah (1)  
saci mi siya na kṣetra evarūpām  
bahu adhanāna prabhūta divyacitram,  
sukhi na narakamaya duḥkhaprāpto,  
ma ahu siyā ratano narāṇa rājā. (2)  
saci mi upagatasya<sup>5</sup> bodhimāṇḍam,  
daśadiśi pravrajī nāmadheyu kṣipram

1. -kṣetreṣu.

2. -sambodhim abhi tāvad.

3. Cf. T: *sañc rgyas kyi shiñ gshan dag du* (*tad-anyeṣu buddhakṣetreṣu*).

4. -trītyāḥ kṣāntī prati<sup>6</sup>.

5. *rāpagatasya*. v. T: *byan chub sñin por ne bar mchis pa'i tsche*.

pṛthu bahava anantabuddhakṣetrāṁ,  
 ma ahu siyā balaprāptu lokanātha. (3)  
 saci khu ahu rameya kāmabhogāṁ,  
 smṛtimatigatiyā vihīnu santah,  
 5 atulaśiva sameyamāṇa<sup>1</sup> bo[26 b]dhi,  
 ma ahu siyā balaprāptu śāstu loke. (4)  
 vipulaprabha atulyananta nāthā  
 diśi vidiśi sphuri sarvabuddhakṣetrāṁ,  
 rāga praśami praśamiya sarvadoṣamohāṁ,  
 10 narakagatismi praśāmi dhūmaketum. (5)  
 jāniya surucirāṁ viśālanetraṁ,  
 vidhuniya sarvanarāṇa andhakāram,  
 apaniya suna<sup>2</sup> akṣaṇān aśeṣān,  
 upaniya svargapathān anantatejā. (6)  
 15 na tapati nabha candraśūrya-ābhā  
 maṇigaṇa agniprabhā va devatānāṁ,  
 abhibhavati narendra-ābha sarvān  
 purimacarim pariśuddha ācaritvā. (7)  
 puruṣavaru [27 a] nidhāna duḥkhitānāṁ,  
 20 diśi vidiśāsu na asti evarūpā.  
 kuśalaśatasahasra sarva pūrṇā,  
 parsagato nadi buddhasiṁhanadarāṁ. (8)  
 purimajina svayaṁbhu satkaritvā,  
 vratatapakoṭi caritva aprameyāṁ,  
 25 pravara vara samesti<sup>3</sup> jñānaskandham,  
 praṇidhibalam paripūrṇa sattvasāro. (9)

1. WOGIWARA rétablit la leçon *sameśamāṇa* à la lumière de la version tibétaine ainsi que des chinoises.

2. Sic S (de même dans K). Peut-être il faut rétablir *śana(m)*.

3. Sic S, K. WOGIWARA est tenté de lire *sameśi*.

yathā bhagavan asaṅgajñānadarśi,  
 trividha prajānatī saṁskṛtaṁ narendrah.  
 aham api siya tulyadakṣiṇīyo,  
 5 viduḥ pravaro naranāyako narāṇāṁ. (10)  
 saci mi ayu narendra evarūpā  
 praṇidhi samṛdhyati [27 b] bodhi prāpuṇitvā,  
 calatu ayu sahasralokadhātūṁ  
 kusumu pravarṣa nabhātū<sup>1</sup> devasamghān<sup>2</sup>. (11)  
 prācalita vasudhā pravarṣi puṣpāḥ,  
 tūryaśatā gagane tha samprāṇeduh.  
 10 divyarucircandanasya cūrṇā,  
 abhikiri caiva bhaviṣyi loki buddha, iti. (12)

evaṁrūpayānanda praṇidhisam̄padā sa Dharmākaro bhikṣur  
 bodhisattvo mahāsattvāḥ samanvāgato 'bhūt. evaṁrūpayā  
 cānanda praṇidhisam̄padā alpākā bodhisattvāḥ samanvāgatāḥ. 15  
 alpākānāṁ caivaṁrūpānāṁ praṇidhīnāṁ loke prādurbhāvo  
 bhavati, parīttānāṁ na punaḥ sarva[28 a]śo nāsti.

sa khalu punar Ānanda Dharmākaro bhikṣus tasya bhagavato Lokeśvararājasya tathāgatasya purataḥ, sadevakasya lokasya samārakasya sabrahmakasya saśramaṇabrahmaṇikāyāḥ 20  
 prajāyāḥ sadevamānuśasurāyāḥ purata, imān evaṁrūpān praṇidhivīšeṣān<sup>3</sup> nirdiśya, yathābhūtarāṁ pratijñāpratipattisthito 'bhūt. sa imām evaṁrūpām buddhakṣetrapariśuddhiṁ buddhakṣetramāhātmyām buddhakṣetrodāratāṁ samudāyan, bodhisattvacaryām caran, aprameyāsamkhyeśācintyātulyāmāpyāpari- 25

1. *nandū*. v. T: *mkha' las*.

2. WOGIWARA propose la leçon *devasamgho* au lieu de *samghān*, la leçon qu'atteste T: *lha yi tshogs kyis ... me tog chal phob cig*.

3. S omet. Rétabli par K et T: *smon lam gyi khyad par rnam pa de lta bu de dag bstan nas*.

māñānabhilā[28 b]pyāni varṣakoṭinayutāśatasahasrāṇi na jātu kāmavyāpādavihīṁsāvitarkā vitarkitavān, na jātu kāmavyāpādavihīṁsāmījñā utpāditavān, na jātu rūpaśabdagandhara-saspraṣṭavyasamījñā utpāditavān. sa daharo<sup>1</sup> manohara eva surato 'bhūt; sukhasarīrvāso, 'dhivāsanajātiyah, subharaḥ, supoṣo, 'lpecchasaṁtuṣṭah, pravivikto, 'duṣṭo, 'mūḍho, 'vaṇko<sup>2</sup>, 'jihmo, 'śatho, 'māyāvī, sukhilo, madhuraḥ, priyālāpo, nityābhiyuktaḥ śukladharmaparyeṣṭau; anikṣiptadhuraḥ, sarvasat-tvānām arthāya mahā[29 a]praṇidhānarām samudānitavān; bud-dhadharmasaṁghācāryopādhyāyakalyāṇamitra sagauravo; nitya-saṁnaddho bodhisattvacaryāyām; ārjavō, mārdavo, 'kuhako, nilapako, guṇavān, pūrvamīgamaḥ sarvasattvakuśaladharma-sa-mādāpanatāyai; sūnyatānīmittāprapñihitānabhisaṁskārānupāda-vihāravihāri; nirmāṇah<sup>3</sup> svārakṣitavākyāś cābhūt. [29 b] bodhi-sattvacaryām caran, sa yad vākkarmotsṛṣṭam, ātmaparobha-yām vyāvādhāya saṁvartate; tathāvidham tyaktvā yad vāk-karma svaparobhaye hitasukhasaṁvartakaṁ, tad evābhipra-yuktavān<sup>4</sup>. evam ca saṁprajāno 'bhūt. [30 a] yad grāmanaga-ranigamajanapadarāṣṭrarājadhāniṣv avataṇ, na jātu rūpaśab-dagandharasaspraṣṭavyadharmaṇa nito 'bhūt. apratihataḥ sa bodhisattvacaryām caran, svayam ca dānapāramitāyām acarat<sup>5</sup>; parāṁś ca tatraiva samādāpitavān. svayam ca śilakṣāntivir-yadhyānaprajñāpāramitāsv acarat<sup>6</sup>; parāṁś ca tatraiva samā-dāpitavān. tathārūpāṇi ca kuśalamūlāni samudānitavān. yaiḥ samanvāgato yatra yatropapadyate, tatra tatrāsyānekāni nidha-

1. da[haro]. Rétabli par T: gshon nu.

2. avaṇkah.

3. nirvāṇah. v. T: nā rgyl med (pa).

4. -pramūñcata. v. T: de la bstson par gyur te.

5. -pāramitāyān acaran.

6. acaran.

nakoṭinayutaśatasahasrāṇi dharaṇyāḥ prādurbhavanti.

[30 b] tena bodhisattvacaryām caratā, tāvad aprameyāsaṁ-khyeyāni sattvakoṭiniyutaśatasahasrāṇy anuttarāyām samyak-saṁbodhau pratiṣṭhāpitāni, yeṣāṁ na sukaro vākkarmaṇā paryanto 'dhigantum; tāvad aprameyāsaṁkhyeyā buddhā bhagavantaḥ satkṛtā gurukṛtā mānitāḥ pūjītāś, cīvaraṇīḍapā-taśayanāsanaglānapratyayabhaiṣajyapariṣkāraiḥ sarvasukhopa-dhānaiḥ sparśavihāraiḥ ca pratipāditāḥ; yāvantāḥ sattvāḥ śreṣṭhīgṛhapatyāmātyakṣatriyabrāhmaṇamahāśālakuleṣu prati-ṣṭhāpitāś, teṣāṁ na su[31 a]karo <sup>1</sup>vākkarmanirdeśena paryanto 'dhigantum; evam Jāmbūdvipeśvaratve pratiṣṭhāpitāś, cakra-vartitve lokapālatve śakratve suyāmatve saṁtuṣitatve sunir-mitatve vaśavartitve devarājatve mahābrāhmaṇatve ca pratiṣṭhā-pitāḥ; tāvad aprameyāsaṁkhyeyā buddhā bhagavantaḥ satkṛtā gurukṛtā mānitāḥ pūjītā, dharmacakrapravartanārtham cādhi-ṣṭhās, teṣāṁ na sukaro vākkarmanirdeśena paryanto 'dhigantum.

sa evamrūpam kuśalam samudāniyām, yad asya bodhisattvacaryāś carato, 'prameyāsaṁkhyeyācintyātulyāmāpyāparimā-ṇānabhilāpyāni kalpakoṭinayutaśatasahasrāṇi surabhidivyāti-krāntacandanagandho<sup>2</sup> mukhāt<sup>3</sup> pravāti sma; sarvaromakūpe-bhya utpalaga[31 b]ndho vāti sma; sarvalokābhīrūpaś cābhūt, prāśadiko, darśanīyah, paramaśubhavarṇapuṣkalatayā samanvā-gataḥ. lakṣaṇānuvyāñjanasamalamkṛtenātmabhāvena tasya sarvaratnālamkārāḥ, sarvavastraśicivārābhīnirhārāḥ, sarvapus- padhūpagandhamālyavilepanacchatradhvajapatākābhīnirhārāḥ,

1. S' omet le passage depuis -karmaṇā jusqu'à saṁtuṣitatve. De même dans K. Rétabli par T.

2. -divyānekaḍḍhāścandana-. v. T: lha'i las śin du 'das pa'i tsan dan dri.

3. mukhān. v. T: kha nas.

sarvavādyasamgityabhinirhārāś ca sarvaromakūpebhyaḥ pāṇi-talābhyaṁ ca niścaranti sma. sarvānnapānakhādyabhojyalehyarasābhinirhārāḥ sarvopabhogaparibhogābhinirhārāś ca pāṇi-talābhyaṁ prasyandantaḥ prādurbhavanti. [32 a] iti hi sarva-pariṣkāravaśitāpāramiprāptah sa Ānanda Dharmākaro bhikṣur abhūt, pūrvaiñ̄ bodhicaryāś caran.

evam ukte, āyuṣmān Ānando Bhagavantam etad avocat : kiṁ punar Bhagavan sa Dharmākaro bodhisattvo mahāsattvo 'nuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄budhyātītaḥ parinirvṛta, utāḥo 'nabbisam̄buddho, 'tha pratyutpanno 'bhisaṁbuddha, etarhi tiṣṭhati dhriyate yāpayati, dharmaṁ ca deśayati. Bhagavān āha : na khalu punar Ānanda sa tathāgato 'tīto, nānā-gataḥ. api tv eṣa sa tathāgato 'nuttarāṁ samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄bu[32 b]ddha, etarhi tiṣṭhati dhriyate yāpayati, dharmaṁ ca deśayati. paścimāyāṁ 'diśītaḥ<sup>1</sup> 'koṭīnayutaśatasaha-sratame buddhakṣetra<sup>3</sup> Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv Amitābho nāma tathāgato 'rhan samyaksam̄buddho, 'parimāṇair bodhisattvaiḥ parivṛtaḥ puraskṛto, 'nantaiḥ śrāvakair anantyā buddhakṣetrasamāpadā samanvāgataḥ. amitā cāsyā prabhā, yasyā<sup>4</sup> na sukaram̄ prāmāṇam̄ paryanto vādhigantum ; iyanti buddhakṣetrāṇi, iyanti buddhakṣetraśatāni, iyanti buddhakṣetrasa-hasrāṇi, iyanti buddhakṣetraśatasahasrāṇi, iyanti buddhakṣetra-koṭī, [33 a] iyanti buddhakṣetrakoṭīśatāni, iyanti buddhakṣetra-koṭīsa-hasrāṇi, iyanti buddhakṣetrakoṭīśatasahasrāṇi, iyanti bud-dhakṣetrakoṭīnayutaśatasahasrāṇi sphuritvā tiṣṭhantī. api tv

1. *diśa[ḥ]* v. T : 'di nas nub phyogs su.

2. S' omet *nayuta* qui est attesté par Tib: *khrag khrig* suivant *bye ba (koṭī)*.

3. -kṣetreṣu.

4. *yasya*.

khalf Ānanda samkṣiptena pūrvasyāṁ diśi Gaṅgānadivāli-kāsamāni buddhakṣetrakoṭīnayutaśatasahasrāṇi tayā tasya bhagavato 'mitābhasya tathāgatasya prabhayā sadā sphuṭāni. evam̄ dakṣiṇapaścimottarāsu dikṣv adha ūrdhvam̄ anuvidikṣv ekaikasyāṁ diśi samantād Gaṅgānadivālikāsamāni buddha-kṣetrakoṭīnayutaśata[33 b]sahasrāṇi tasya bhagavato 'mitābhasya tathāgatasya tayā prabhayā sadā sphuṭāni, sthāpayitvā buddhān bhagavataḥ pūrvapraṇidhānādhiṣṭhānena ye vyoma-prabhayaikadvitricatuḥpañcadaśaviṁśatitrimśaccatvāriṁśadyojanaprabhayā, yojanāśataprabhayā, yojanasahasraprabhayā, yo-janaśatasahasraprabhayā, yāvad anekayojanakoṭīnayutaśatasahasraprabhayā, yāval lokāni spharitvā<sup>1</sup> tiṣṭhanti.

nāsty Ānandopamopanyāso, yena śakyām̄ tasyāmitābhasya tathāgatasya prabhayāḥ<sup>2</sup> pramāṇam̄ udgṛhitum. tad anenā-nanda paryāyeṇa sa tathāgato [34 a] 'mitābha ity ucyate ; Ami-taprabho, 'mitaprabhāso, 'samāptaprabho, 'saṅgaprabho, 'prati-hataprabho, Nityotsṛṣṭaprabho, Divyamaṇiprabho, 'pratihata-raśmirājaprabho, Rañjaniyaprabhaḥ, Premaṇiyaprabhaḥ, Prā-modaniyaprabhaḥ, Prahlādaniyaprabha, Ullokaniyaprabho, Ni-bandhaniyaprabho, 'cintyaprabho, 'tulyaprabho, 'bhibhūyanaren-drāsurendraprabho, 'bhibhūyacandrasūryajihmikaraṇaprabho, 'bhibhūyalokapālaśakrabrahmaśuddhāvāsamaheśvarasarvadeva-jihmikaraṇaprabhaḥ, Sarvaprabhāpāragata i[34 b]ty ucyate.

sā cāsyā prabhā vimalā, vipulā, kāyasukhasamājananī, cittaudbilyakaraṇī, devāsuranāgayaṅgandharvagaruḍamahora-gakinnaramanuṣyāmanuṣyāṇāṁ prītiprāmodyasukhakaraṇī, kuśalāśayānāṁ kalyalaghugativicakṣaṇabuddhiprāmodyakarany

1. Sic S.

2. *prabhayā*. v. T : *de'i 'od kyi tshad (ma)*.

anyeṣv apy anantāparyanteṣu buddhaksetreṣu.

anena cānanda paryāyeṇa tathāgataḥ paripūrṇam kalpaṁ bhāṣeta, tasyāmitābhasya tathāgatasya nāmakarmopādāya prabhām ārabhya, na ca śakto guṇaparyanto 'dhigantum tasyāḥ prabhāyāḥ.

na ca tathāgatasya [35 a] vaiśāradyopacchedo bhavet. tat kasya hetoḥ. ubhayam apy etad Ānandāprameyam asamkhyeyam acintyāparyantam, yad idam tasya bhagavato prabhāguṇavibhūtis tathāgatasya cānuttaram prajnāpratibhānam.

tasya khalu punar Ānandāmitābhasya tathāgatasyāprameyah śrāvakasamīgho, yasya na sukaram pramāṇam udgrhitum ; iyatyah śrāvakakoṭya, iyanti śrāvakakoṭisatāni, iyanti śrāvakakoṭisahasrāṇi, iyanti śrāvakakoṭisatasahasrāṇi, iyanti kaṅkarāṇi, iyanti biṁbarāṇi, [35 b] iyanti nayutāni, iyanty ayutāni, iyanty akṣobhyāṇi, iyantyo vivāhā, iyanti śrotāṁsi, iyantyo jāyā, iyanty aprameyeyāṇi, iyanty asamkhyeyāṇi, iyanty agaṇyāṇi, iyanty atulyāṇi, iyanty acintyāṇiti.

tad yathānanda Maudgalyāyano bhikṣur ḥddhivaśitāprāptah sa ākāṁkṣan trisāhasramahāsāhasralokadhātau yāvanti tārā-<sup>20</sup> rūpāṇi tāni sarvāṇy ekarātriṁ divena<sup>1</sup> gaṇayed, evamrūpānāṁ ca ḥddhimatāṁ koṭinayutaśatasasram bhavet, te varṣakoṭi-<sup>25</sup> nayutaśatasasram ananyakarmaṇo 'mitābhasya [36 a] tathā-<sup>25</sup> gatasya prathamāṁ śrāvakasannipātaṁ gaṇayeyus, tair gaṇa-<sup>30</sup> yadbhiḥ śatatamo 'pi bhāgo na gaṇito bhavet ; sahasratamo 'pi, śatasasratamo 'pi, yāvat kalām apy, upamām apy, upa-<sup>35</sup> niśām api, na gaṇito bhavet.

tad yathānanda mahāsamudrāc caturaśītiyojanasahasrāṇy āvedhenā tiryag aprameyāt, kaścid eva puruṣaḥ śatadhābhin-

1. *dive[na]*. K *dinena*.

nayā vālāgrakoṭyaikam udakabindum abhyutkṣipet, tat kiṁ manyase, Ānanda, katamo bahutaro, yo vā śatadhābhinnayā vālāgrakoṭyābhuyutkṣipta eka<sup>2</sup> u[36 b]dakabindur, yo vā mahāsamudre 'pskandho<sup>3</sup> 'vaśiṣṭa iti. āha : yojanasahasram api tāvad Bhagavan mahāsamudrasya parīttam bhavet. kim aṅga punar, yaḥ śatadhābhinnayā vālāgrakoṭyābhuyutkṣipta eka udakabinduh. Bhagavān āha : tad yathā sa eka udakabindur ; iyantaḥ sa prathamasannipāto 'bhūt, tair Maudgalyāyanas-<sup>10</sup> dṛśair bhikṣubhir gaṇayadbhis tena varṣakoṭinayutaśatasaha-<sup>15</sup> sreṇa gaṇitaṁ bhaved, yathā mahāsamudre 'pskandho 'vaśi-<sup>20</sup> ṣṭa, evam agaṇitaṁ draṣṭavyam. kaḥ punar vādo dvitīyatṛtī-<sup>25</sup> yādināṁ śrāvakasannipātādinām. [37 a] evam anantāparyantas tasya bhagavataḥ śrāvakasamīgho, yo 'prameyāsaṁkhyeya ity eva saṁkhyām<sup>3</sup> gacchanti.

aparimitāṁ cānanda tasya bhagavato 'mitābhasya tathā-<sup>15</sup> tasyāyuṣpramāṇam<sup>4</sup>, yasya na sukaram pramāṇam adhigantum; iyanti vā kalpā, iyanti vā kalpaśatāni, iyanti vā kalpasahasrāṇi, iyanti vā kalpaśatasasrāṇi, iyatyo vā kalpakoṭya, iyanti vā kalpakoṭisatāni, iyanti vā kalpakoṭisahasrāṇi, iyanti vā kalpakoṭi-<sup>20</sup> nayutaśatasasrāṇi, iyanti vā kalpakoṭinayutaśatasasrāṇīti. [37 b] <sup>25</sup> atha tarhy Ānandāparimitam<sup>5</sup> eva tasya bhagavata āyuspramāṇam aparyantam. tena sa tathāgato 'mitāyur ity ucyate. yathā cānandeha lokadhātau kalpasamīkhyā kalpagaṇanā pra-<sup>30</sup> jñaptikasamketas, tathā sāṁprataṁ daśakalpās tasya bhagavato 'mitāyuṣas tathāgatasyotpannasyānuttarāṁ samyaksambo-<sup>35</sup>

1. *ekam*. De même dans la suite.

2. S omet 'p. v. T : *gaṇi rgya mtsho chen po'i chu'i phun'i po*. Cf. infra l. 10.

3. *samkhyāni gacchanti*.

4. *pramāṇah*.

5. *parimita*.

dhim abhisam buddhasya.

tasya khalu punar Ānanda bhagavato 'mitābhasya Sukhāvatī nāma lokadhātūr, ṛddhā ca, sphitā ca, kṣemā ca, subhikṣā ca, ramaṇiyā ca, bahudevamanuṣyākīrṇā ca. tatra khalv apy Āna<sup>38 a</sup>nda lokadhātāu na<sup>1</sup> nirayāḥ santi, na tiryagyonir, na pretaviṣayo, nāsurāḥ kāyā, nākṣaṇopapattayaḥ; na ca tāni ratnāni loke pracarantī, yāni Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāu samvidyante.

sā khalv Ānanda Sukhāvatī lokadhātūḥ <sup>2</sup>surabhinānāgan-dhasamiritā, nānāpuṣpaphalasamṛddhā, ratnavṛkṣasamalāṅkṛtā, tathāgatābhinirmitamanojñasvaranānādvijasamghaniṣevitā.

te cānanda ratnavṛkṣā nānāvarṇā<sup>3</sup>, anekavarṇā, anekaśata-sahasravarṇāḥ: santi tatra ratnavṛkṣāḥ suvarṇavarṇāḥ suvarṇamayāḥ; santi rū<sup>38 b</sup>pyavarṇā rūpyamayāḥ; santi vaiḍurya-varṇā vaiḍuryamayāḥ; santi sphatikavarṇāḥ sphatikamayāḥ; santi musāragalvavarṇā musāragalvamayāḥ; santi lohitamuktāvaraṇā lohitamuktāmayāḥ; santy aśmagarbhamavarṇā aśmagarbhamayāḥ. santi kecid dvayo ratnavṛkṣayoh suvarṇasya rūpyasya ca<sup>4</sup>. santi trayānām ratnānām suvarṇasya rūpyasya vaiḍuryasya<sup>5</sup> ca. santi caturṇām suvarṇasya rūpyasya vaiḍuryasya sphatikasya ca. santi pañcānām suvarṇasya rūpyasya vaiḍuryasya sphatikasya musāragalvasya ca. santi ṣaṇṇām suvarṇasya rūpyasya vaiḍurya<sup>39 a</sup>syā sphatikasya musāragalvasya lohitamuktāyāś ca. santi saptānām ratnānām suvarṇasya rūpyasya vaiḍuryasya sphatikasya musāragalvasya lohitamuktāyā, aśmagarbhasya ca saptamasya.

1. S omet *na*. Rétabli K et T.

2. S donne *svarabhir* au lieu de *surabhi-* qui est attesté par K et T.

3. S omet *nānāvarṇā(h)* qui est rétabli par K et T.

4. S omet *ca*. Rétabli par K et T.

5. *vaiḍuryamayasya*.

tatrānanda sauvarṇānām vṛkṣānām suvarṇamayāni mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni phalāni raupyamayāni; raupyamayānām vṛkṣānām rūpyamayāny eva mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni phalāni vaiḍuryamayāni; vaiḍuryamayānām vṛkṣānām vaidūryamayāni mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni pha<sup>39 b</sup>lāni sphatikamayāni; sphatikamayānām vṛkṣānām sphatikamayāny eva mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni phalāni musāragalvamayāni; musāragalvamayānām vṛkṣānām musāragalvamayāny eva mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni phalāni lohitamuktāmayāni; lohitamuktāmayānām vṛkṣānām <sup>1</sup>lohitamuktāmayāny eva mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni phalāny<sup>2</sup> aśmagarbhamayāni; aśmagarbhamayānām vṛkṣānām aśmagarbhamayāny eva mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhāpattrapuṣpāni phalāni (<sup>40 a</sup>) suvarṇamayāni.

keśāmcid Ānanda vṛkṣānām <sup>3</sup>suvarṇamayāni mūlāni, raupyamayāḥ skandhā, vaiḍuryamayā viṭapāḥ, sphatikamayāḥ śākhā, <sup>4</sup>musāragalvamayāni patrāṇi, lohitamuktāmayāni puṣpāṇy, aśmagarbhamayāni phalāni; keśāmcid Ānanda vṛkṣānām rūpyamayāni mūlāni, vaiḍuryamayāḥ skandhāḥ, sphatikamayā viṭapā, musāragalvamayāḥ śākhā, <sup>5</sup>lohitamuktāmayāni patrāṇy, aśmagarbhamayāni puṣpāni, suvarṇamayāni phalāni; keśāmcid Ānanda vṛkṣānām vai<sup>40 b</sup>ḍuryamayāni mūlāni, sphatikamayāḥ skandhā, musāragalvamayā viṭapā, lohitamuktāmayāḥ śākhā, aśmagarbhamayāni patrāṇi, suvarṇamayāni puṣpāni, raupyamayāni phalāni; keśāmcid Ānanda vṛkṣānām <sup>2</sup>

1. *lohitamayāny*.

2. *phalāni ca*.

3. S insère *suvarṇamayānām* avant *suvarṇamayāni*.

4. *musāragarbha*. De même dans la suite.

5. *lohitamukta*. De même dans la suite.

sphaṭikamayāni mūlāni, musāragalvamayāḥ skandhā, lohitamuktāmayā viṭapā, aśmagarbhamayāḥ śākhāḥ, suvarṇamayāni pattrāṇi, raupyamayāni puṣpāṇi, vaiḍūryamayāni phalāni ; keśāṁcid Ānanda vṛkṣāñām musāragalvamayāni mūlāni, lohitamuktāmayāḥ skandhā<sup>1</sup>, aśmagarbhamā[41 a]yā viṭapāḥ, suvarṇamayāḥ śākhāḥ, raupyamayāni pattrāṇi, vaiḍūryamayāni puṣpāṇi, sphaṭikamayāni phalāni ; keśāṁcid Ānanda vṛkṣāñām lohitamuktāmayāni mūlāny, aśmagarbhamayāḥ skandhāḥ, suvarṇamayā viṭapā, raupyamayā śākhā, vaiḍūryamayāṇi pattrāṇi, sphaṭikamayāni puṣpāṇi, musāragalvamayāni phalāni ; keśāṁcid Ānanda vṛkṣāñām aśmagarbhamayāni mūlāni, suvarṇamayāḥ skandhā, raupyamayā viṭapā, vaiḍūryamayāḥ śākhāḥ, sphaṭika[41 b]mayāni pattrāṇi, musāragalvamayāni puṣpāṇi, lohitamuktāmayāni phalāni ; keśāṁcid Ānanda vṛkṣāñām saptaratnamayāni mūlāni<sup>2</sup>, saptaratnamayāḥ skandhāḥ, saptaratnamayāni pattrāṇi, saptaratnamayāni puṣpāṇi, saptaratnamayāni phalāni.

20 sarveśāṁ cānanda teśāṁ vṛkṣāñām mūlaskandhaviṭapaśākhā-pattrapuṣpaphalāni mṛdūni sukhasaṁsparśāni sugandhīni ; vā-tena preritānāṁ<sup>3</sup> ca teśāṁ valgumanojñānirghoṣ<sup>4</sup> niścaraty, asecanako 'pratikū[42 a]lah<sup>5</sup> śravaṇāya.

evamrūpair Ānanda saptaratnamayair vṛkṣaiḥ saṁtataṁ<sup>6</sup> tad buddhakṣetraṁ samantāc ca kadalistambhaiḥ saptaratnamayai ratnatālapaṇktibhiś cānuparikṣiptaṁ, sarvataś ca hemajālapra-

1. S insère aśmagarbhamayāḥ skandhāḥ après lohitamuktāmayāḥ skandhāḥ.

2. La phrase saptaratnamayāni mālāni manque à S. Rétabli par K et T.

3. vātena ritānāt. Rétabli par T : rluṇ gīs bskyod na.

4. nirghoṣān. Rétabli par K.

5. 'pratikale.

6. samantataḥ. Rétabli par K et T.

ticchannāṁ, samantataś ca saptaratnamayaiḥ padmaiḥ sam-cchannāṁ. santi tatra padmāṇy ardhayojanapramāṇāni, santi yojanapramāṇāni, santi dvitricatuḥpañcayojanapramāṇāni, santi yāvad daśayojanapramāṇāni. sarvataś ca ratnapadmāt<sup>1</sup> ṣaṭtriṁśadraśmikoṭisahasrāṇi niścara[42 b]nti. sarvataś ca 5 raśmimukhāt<sup>2</sup> ṣaṭtriṁśadbuddhakoṭisahasrāṇi niścaranti ; su-varṇavarṇaiḥ kāyair dvātriṁśan mahāpuruṣalakṣaṇadharair, yāni pūrvasyāṁ diśy aprameyāsaṁkhyeyāsu lokadhātuṣu gatvā, sattvebhyo dharmāni deśayanti. evaṁ dakṣiṇapaści-mottarāsu dīkṣv adha ūrdhvam anuvidikṣu cānāvaraṇe loke<sup>10</sup> 'prameyāsaṁkhyeyāml lokadhātūn gatvā, sattvebhyo dharmāni deśayanti.

tasmin khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre sarvaśaḥ kālaparvatā na santi, sarvato ratnaparvatāḥ. sarva[43 a]śaḥ Sumera-vaḥ parvatarājānaḥ, sarvaśāś Cakravāḍa Mahācakravāḍāḥ par-15 vatarājāno, mahāsamudrāś ca na santi. samantāc ca tad buddhakṣetraṁ samāṁ ramaṇiyāṁ pāṇītalajātām nānāvidha-ratnasamānicitabhūmibhāgām.

20 evam ukta āyuṣmān Ānando Bhagavantam etad avocat : ye punas te Bhagavaṁś cāturmahārājakāyikā devāḥ Sumerupār-śvanivāsinas trāyastriṁśā vā Sumerumūrdhni nivāsinas, te kutra pratiṣhitāḥ. Bhagavān<sup>2</sup> āḥa : tat kiṁ manyase, Ānanda, ye ta iha Sumeroḥ<sup>3</sup> parvatarāja[43 b]syopari yāmā devās, tuṣītā devā, nirmāṇaratayo devāḥ, <sup>4</sup>paranirmitavaśavartino devā, brahmakāyikā devā, brahmapurohitā devā, <sup>5</sup>mahābrahmaṇo<sup>6</sup>

1. ṣaṭtriṁśatṣaṭtriṁśad-.

2. Bhagavan.

3. Sumerau.

4. parinirmita-. De même dans la suite.

5. mahābrahmaṇo.

devā, yāvad akaniṣṭhā devāḥ, kutra te pratiṣṭhitā iti. āha : acintyo Bhagavan karmāṇāṁ vipākāḥ, karmābhisaṁskāraḥ. Bhagavān āha : labdhas tvayānandeḥācintyaḥ karmāṇāṁ vipākāḥ, karmābhisaṁskārō ; na punar buddhānāṁ bhagavatām acintyām buddhādhiṣṭhānam<sup>1</sup>. kṛtapaṇyānāṁ ca sattvānāṁ avaropitakuśalamūlānāṁ tatrācintyā puṇyā vibhūtiḥ. āha : na me 'tra Bhagavan kā[44a]cit<sup>2</sup> kāṁkṣā vā, vimatir vā, vicikitsā vā. api tu khalv aham anāgatānāṁ sattvānāṁ kāṁkṣāvimatovicikitsāṁ nirghātāya tathāgatam etam arthaṁ paripṛcchāmi. Bhagavān āha : sādhu sādhv Ānandaivam te karaṇiyam.

tasyānī khalv Ānanda Sukhāvatyām lokadhātau nānāprakārā nadyāḥ pravahanti. santi tatra mahānadyo yojanavistārāḥ. santi yāvad vīṁśatitrimśaticatvāriṁśatpañcāśad, yāvad yojanāśatasahasravistārāḥ, <sup>3</sup>dvādaśayojanāvedhāḥ ; sarvāś ca nad�āḥ<sup>4</sup> sukhavāhinyo, nānāsurabhi[44 b]gandhavārivāhinyo, nānāratnaluḍitapuṣpasāṁghātavāhinyo, nānāmadhurasvaranirghosāḥ<sup>5</sup>. tāsāṁ cānanda koṭisātasahasrāṅgasāṁprayuktasya divyasaṅgitisāṁmūrcchitasya tūryasya kuśalaiḥ sampravāditasya, tāvan manojñanirghoṣo niścarati. yathārūpas tāsāṁ mahānadināṁ nirghoṣo niscarati, gambhira, ājñeyo, vijñeyo, 'ne-lāḥ<sup>6</sup> karṇasukho<sup>7</sup> hṛdayamgamaḥ, premaṇīyo, valgumanojño, 'secanako 'pratikūlaḥ, śravaṇīyo, 'cintyaśāntam anātmeti su-

1. WOGIWARA propose la leçon *rddhyadhiṣṭhānam*.

2. *kaścit*.

3. *dvādaśadvādaśayojanā*.

4. *nadyāḥ*.

5. S'omets *svara* qui est attesté par K et T.

6. *anenaḥ*. Rétabli par K.

7. *karṇamukhaḥ* Le rétablissement est attesté par K et T.

khaśravaṇīyo, yas teṣāṁ sattvānāṁ śrotrendriyānām<sup>1</sup> bhāsam āgacchanti.

[45 a] tāsāṁ khalu punar Ānanda mahānadināṁ ubhayatas tīrāṇī nānāgandhavṛkṣaiḥ saṁtatāni, yebhyo nānāśākhāpattrapuṣpamañjaryo 'valāmbante. tatra ye sattvās tesu nadītireṣv <sup>5</sup> ākāṁkṣanti, divyām<sup>2</sup> nirāmiṣām ratikrīḍām cānubhavitum, teṣāṁ tatra nadīṣ avatīrṇānāṁ ākāṁkṣatām gulphamātram vāri saṁtiṣṭhante ; ākāṁkṣatām jānumātram kaṭīmātram kakṣamātram, ākāṁkṣatām kaṇṭhamātraṇ vāri saṁtiṣṭhante ; divyāś ca ratayaḥ prādurbhavanti. tatra ye sattvā ākāṁkṣanti : <sup>10</sup> śītarām vāri bhavatv iti, teṣāṁ śītarām bhavati ; ye ā[45 b]kāṁkṣanty : uṣṇām bhavatv iti, teṣāṁ uṣṇām bhavati ; ye ākāṁkṣanti : śītoṣṇām bhavatv iti, teṣāṁ śītoṣṇam eva tad vāri bhavaty anusukham.

tās ca mahānadyo divyatamālapattrāgarukālānusāritagaroragasāracandanavaragandhavāsitavāriparipūrṇāḥ<sup>3</sup> pravahanti ; divyotpalapadmakumudapuṇḍariकasaugandhikādiपuṣpasāṁcchannā<sup>4</sup>, haṁsasārasacakravākakāraṇḍavaśukasārikākokilakuṇālakalaviṇkamayūrādimanojñinasvaratathāgatābhinirmitapaksi-samghaniṣevitapulinā<sup>5</sup>, dhātūrāṣṭropaśobhi[46 a]tāḥ, sūpatirthā, <sup>15</sup> vikardamāḥ, suvarṇavālikāsaṁstīrṇāḥ. tatra yadā te sattvā ākāṁkṣanti : idṛśā asmākam<sup>6</sup> abhiprāyāḥ paripūryantām iti, tadā teṣāṁ tādṛśā evābhiprāyā<sup>7</sup> dharmyāḥ paripūryante. yaś

1. *śrotrendriya*. Rétabli par K et T.

2. *divyam*.

3. *-pūrṇāḥ*.

4. *-cchannā*.

5. *-svarāḥ* ..... *-samghā* .....

6. *idṛśasmākam*. K : *kīdrīśā asmākam*. cf. T : *de dag bdag cig gi bsam pa 'di 'dra ba*.

7. *cabhiprāyāḥ*.

cāśāv Ānanda tasya vāriṇo nirgoṣas<sup>1</sup> tāvad manojño niścarati, yena sarvāvat<sup>2</sup> tad buddhakṣetram abhijñāpyate. tatra<sup>3</sup> ye sattvā naditireṣu sthitā ākāṁkṣanti : māsmākam ayaṁ śabdaḥ śrotrendriyābhāsam āgacchann iti, teṣāṁ sa divyasyāpi śrotrendriyābhāsam nāgacchat. [46 b] yaś ca yaś ca yathārūpam<sup>4</sup> śabdām ākāṁkṣanti śroturī<sup>5</sup>, sa tathārūpam evam manojñām śabdām śṛṇoti ; tad yathā ; buddhaśabdām, dharmaśabdām, samghaśabdām<sup>6</sup>, pāramitāśabdām, bhūmiśabdām, balaśabdām, vaiśāradyaśabdām, āveṇikabuddhadharmaśabdām, abhijñāśabdām, pratisaṁvicchabdaṁ śūnyatānimittāpraṇihitānabhisamśārajātānupādābhāvanirodhaśabdām, sāntaprasāntopasāntaśabdām, mahāmaitrīmahākaruṇāmahāmuditāmahopekṣāśabdām, anutpattikadharmakṣāntyabhiṣekabhūmipratilambhaśabdām<sup>7</sup> ca śī[47 a]ṇoti. ta evamrūpamś chabdāmś<sup>8</sup> chrutvodāraprītiprāmodyam pratilabante, vivekasahagataṁ, virāgasahagataṁ, sāntasahagataṁ, nirodhasahagataṁ, dharmasahagataṁ, bodhipariniṣpattiśalamulasahagataṁ ca.

sarvaśāś cānanda Sukhāvatyām lokadhātāv akuśalaśabdo nāsti ; sarvaśo °nīvaraṇaśabdo nāsti ; sarvaśo 'pāyadurgativinipātaśabdo nāsti ; sarvaśo duḥkhaśabdo nāsti ; aduḥkhāsukhavedanāśabdo 'pi tāvad Ānanda tatra nāsti ; kutaḥ punar duḥkham duḥkhaśabdo vā bhaviṣyati.

1. *nirgoṣas*.

2. *sarvāvantam* tad ....

3. tam. v. T: de na.

4. *yathākramam*. Rétabli par K et T.

5. *śroturām*. Rétabli par K et T.

6. *buddhadharmasamghaśabdām*. Rétabli par K et T.

7. *śabda[m]ś* ca.

8. *evamrūpam* *śabdaś*.

9. *vīvaraṇa-*. Rétabli par K et T.

[47 b] tad anenānanda paryāyeṇa sā lokadhātuḥ Sukhāvatyūcyate saṁkṣiptena, na punar vistareṇa. kalpo 'pi parikṣayām gacchet, Sukhāvatyām lokadhātā sukhakāraṇeṣu parikīrtayamāneṣu<sup>1</sup>; na tv eva śakyām teṣāṁ sukhakāraṇānām paryanto 'dhigantum.

tasyām khalu punar Ānanda Sukhāvatyām lokadhātāu ye sattvāḥ pratyājātāḥ<sup>2</sup> pratyājanisyante vā, sarve ta evamrūpeṇa varṇena, balena, sthāmnārohāparināhēnādhipatyena, puṇyasaṁcayenābhijñābhīr vastrābharaṇodyānavimānakūṭāgāraparibho[48 a]gair, evamrūpāśabdāgandharasparśāparibhogair, evamrūpāś ca sarvopabhogaparibhogaiḥ samanvāgatāḥ ; tad yathāpi nāma devāḥ paranirmitavaśavartinaḥ.

na khalu punar Ānanda Sukhāvatyām lokadhātāu sattvā audārikām kavaḍikārāhāram āharanti. api tu khalu punar yathārūpam evāhāram ākāṁkṣanti, tathārūpam āhṛtam eva samjānanti. prīpitakāyāś ca bhavanti, prīpitagātrāḥ. na teṣāṁ bhūyah kāye prakṣepaḥ karaṇiyāḥ. te prīpitakāyāś tathārūpāni gandhajātāny ā[48 b]kāṁkṣanti, tādṛśair eva gandhajātāir divyais tad-buddhakṣetraṁ sarvam eva nirdhūpitām bhavati. tatra yaś tam gandham nāgrātukāmo bhavati, tasya sarvaśo gandhasamjñāvāsanāpi na samudācarati. evam ye yathārūpāṇi gandhamālyavilepanacūrmacivaračchatradhvajapatākāturyāṇy<sup>3</sup> ākāṁkṣanti, teṣāṁ tathārūpair evam taiḥ sarvām tad-buddhakṣetraṁ parisphuṭām bhavati.

te yādṛśāni cīvarāṇy ākāṁkṣanti<sup>4</sup> nānāvarṇāṇy anekaśata-

1. *parikīrttyamāneṣu*.

2. Peut-être il faut selon T rétablir *pratyājayante* après *pratyājataḥ*. Cf. infra p. 40, l. 19 (*ye sattvā upapannā utpadyanta upapatsyante*).

3. *-patākām-*.

4. *ākāṁkṣati*.

sahasravarṇāni, teṣāṁ tādṛśair eva cīvararatnaiḥ samāṁ tad-buddhakṣetraṁ parisphuṭam bhavati ; prāvṛtam eva cātmānam sa[49 a]mjananti.

te yathārūpāny ābharaṇāny ākāṁkṣanti, tad yathā : śirṣā-bharaṇāni vā, karṇābharaṇāni vā, grīvahastapādābharaṇāni vā, yad idam : makuṭāni, kuṇḍalāni, kaṭakāṁ, keyūrāṁ, vatsahārāṁ, rūcakahārāṁ, karṇikā, mudrikāḥ, suvarṇasūtrāṇī<sup>1</sup> mekhalaḥ, suvarṇajālāni, sarvaratnakarṇkanjālāni, te tathārū-pair ābharaṇair anekaratnaśatasahasrapratyuptaiḥ sphuṭam tad-buddhakṣetraṁ paśyanti sma. yad idam : ābharaṇavṛkṣa-vastrais taiś cābharaṇair alamkṛtam ātmānam samjananti.

te yādṛśam vimānam ākāṁkṣa[49 b]nti, yad<sup>2</sup> varṇalingasam-sthānāṁ, yāvad<sup>3</sup> ārohapanīnāho, nānāratnamayaniryūhaśata-sahasrasamalaṁkṛtaṁ, nānādivyadūṣyasamstīrṇāṁ, vicitropa-dhānavinyastaratnaparyānkaṁ, tādṛśam eva vimānam<sup>4</sup> teṣāṁ purataḥ prādurbhavati<sup>5</sup>. te teṣu manobhinirvṛteṣu vimāneṣu “saptapsaraḥsaḥsaḥpariṇṛtāḥ” puraskṛtā viharanti, krīḍanti<sup>7</sup> ramante paricārayanti.

na ca tatra lokadhātau devānāṁ manusyāṇāṁ vā nānātvam asti, anyatra samvṛtivyavahāreṇa devā manusyā veti saṁkhyāṁ gacchati. tad ya[50 a]thānanda, rājñāś cakravartinaḥ purato manusyahino manusyaṣaṇḍako na bhāsate, na tapati, na viro-cate, na bhavati viśārado, na prabhāsva, evam eva devā-nāṁ paranirmitavaśavartināṁ purataḥ Śakro devendro na bhā-

1. -sātra

2. tad. Rétabli par K et T.

3. yāvadāvad. Rétabli par K.

4. S insère à tort na après vimānam.

5. prādurbhavanti.

6. saptasaptapsaraḥ.

7. Deest S. Rétabli par K et T.

sate, na tapati, na virocate, yad idam : udyānavimānavastrā-bharaṇair, ādhipatyena vā, rddhyā vā, prātiḥāryeṇa vaiśvar-yeṇa vā ; na tu khalu punar dharmābhisaṁayena dharmapa-ribhogenā vā. tatrānanda yathā devāḥ paranirmitavaśavarti-na evam Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātau ma[50 b]nuṣyā draṣṭavyāḥ. <sup>5</sup>

tasyāṁ khalu punar Ānanda Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātau pūr-vāhnakālasamaye pratyupasthite, samantāc caturdiśam ākul-a-samākulā vāyavo vānti, yenātra ratnavṛkṣāṁś citrān, darśa-nīyān, nānāvarṇān<sup>1</sup>, anekavarṇān, nānāsurabhidivyagandhaparivāsitān kṣobhayanti, saṁkṣobhayanti, īrayanti, samīrayanti ; yato bahūni puṣpaśatāni<sup>2</sup> tasyāṁ ratnamayyāṁ pṛthivyāṁ prapatanti, monojñagandhāni darśanīyāni. taiś ca puṣpāis tad-buddhakṣetraṁ samantāt saptapauruṣāṁ saṁskṛtaṁ rūpaṁ bhavati. tad yathāpi nāma kaścid eva puruṣaḥ kuśalaḥ pṛ[51 a]thivyāṁ puṣpasaṁstaraṁ saṁstīrṇyād, ubhābhyaḥ pāṇībhāṁ samāṁ racayet sucitraṁ darśanīyam, evam etad buddhakṣetraṁ taiḥ puṣpair nānāgandhavarṇaiḥ samantāt saptapauruṣāṁ sphuṭaiḥ bhavati. tāni ca puṣpajātāni mṛdūni kācalindikasukhasaṁsparśāny ; aupamyamātreṇa yāni nikṣipte pāde caturaṅgulam eva namanty, utkṣipte pāde caturaṅgulam evānamanti. nirgate punaḥ pūrvāhnakālasamaye<sup>3</sup>, tāni puṣpāni niravaseṣam antardhiyante.

atha tad-buddhakṣetraṁ viviktam, ramyam, śubham bhavaty, apari[51 b]kliṣṭais<sup>4</sup> taiḥ pūrvapuṣpaiḥ. tataḥ punar api samantāc caturdiśam vāyavo vānti, ye pūrvavad abhinavāni puṣpāṇy abhiprakiranti. yathā pūrvāhna eva madhyāhne,

1. nānāvarṇā. Rétabli par K.

2. puṣpajātāni. Rétabli par K.

3. S omet kāla. Rétabli par K. v. sufra l. 6~7.

4. WOGIWARA propose selon T la leçon apariśiṣṭais.

'parāhne kālasamaye, saṁdhyāyām<sup>1</sup>, rātryāḥ prathame yāme, madhyame paścime ca yāme. taiś ca vātair vāyadbhīr nānāgandhaparivāsitaī te sattvāḥ sprṣṭāḥ santa, evaṁ sukhasamarpitā bhavanti sma, tad yathāpi nāma nirodhā samāpanno bhikṣuh.

tasmiṁ cānanda buddhakṣetre sarvaśo 'gnicandrasūrya-grahanakṣatrataśrūpānām tamo'ndhakārasya ca nāmadheya-prajñaptir api nāsti. sarvaśo [52a] rātridivaprajñaptir api nāsty, anyatra tathāgatavyavahārāt. sarvaśāś cāgāraparigraha-samjñā nāsti.

tasyām khalu punar Ānanda Sukhāvatyām lokadhātau kāle divyagandhodakameghā abhipravarṣanti. divyāni sarva-varṇikāni kusumāni, divyāni saptaratnāni, divyām candana-cūrṇām, divyāś cchatradhvajapatākā abhipravarṣanti. divyāni vimānāni, divyāni vitānāni dhriyante<sup>2</sup>, divyāni ratnacchatrāṇi sacāmarāṇy ākāše dhriyante. divyāni vādyāni pravādyante. divyāś cāpsaraso nṛtyanti sma.

tasmin [52b] khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre ye sattvā upapannā utpadyanta upapatsyante, sarve te niyatāḥ samyaktve yāvan nirvāṇāt. tat kasya hetoh. nāsti tatra dvayo rāshyor<sup>3</sup> vyavasthānām prajñaptir vā, yad idam: aniyat�asya vā mithyātvaniyatasya vā. tad anenāpy Ānanda paryāyeṇā sā lokadhātuḥ Sukhāvatīty ucyate saṁkṣiptena, na vistareṇa. kalpo 'py Ānanda parikṣayet<sup>4</sup>, Sukhāvatyām lokadhātau sukhakāraṇeṣu parikīrtayamāneṣu<sup>5</sup>; na ca teṣām sukhakāra-

ηānām śakyām paryanto 'dhigantum.

atha khalu Bhagavāṁś tasyām velāyām imā gā[53a]thā abhāṣata :

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sarve pi sattvāḥ sugatā bhaveyuh,  
viśuddhajñānāḥ paramārthakovidā.  
te kalpakoṭīm atha<sup>1</sup> vāpi uttarim,  
Sukhāvatīvarṇa prakāśayeyuh. (1)  
kṣaye kalpakoṭīya vrajeyu<sup>2</sup> tāś ca,  
Sukhāvatiye na ca varṇa antaḥ.  
kṣayam na gacchet pratibhā teṣām  
prakāśayantāna tha varṇamālā. (2)  
ye lokadhātūm paramāṇusadṛśām  
cchindeya bhindeya rajānīś ca kuryāt,  
ato bahū uttari lokadhātū<sup>3</sup>  
pūretva dānam ratanehi dadyāt. (3)  
na tā kalām pi upamā pi tasya  
puṇyasya bhonti<sup>4</sup> pṛthulokadhātavah,  
yal lo[53b]kadhātūya Sukhāvatiye  
śrutvaiva nāma bhavatiha puṇyam (4)  
tato bahū puṇya bhaveta teṣām,  
ye śraddhaṇeya jinavacanasamjñā.  
śraddhā hi mūlam jagatasya<sup>5</sup> prāptaye,  
tasmād dhi śrutvā vimatiṁ vinodayed, iti. (5)  
evam aprameyaguṇavarṇā Ānanda Sukhāvatī lokadhātuḥ.  
tasya khalu punar Ānanda bhagavato 'mitābhasya tathāga-  
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1. Deest S. Rétabli par K et T.

2. *dhriyante*.

3. *raśye*. K *raśyo*.

4. *parikṣayet*.

5. *parikīrtayamāneṣu*.

1. S insère *pi* après *atha*.

2. *vrajeyu*. K: *vrajet surāś ca. v. T: zat 'gyur gyi*.

3. *lokadhātum*.

4. *bhoti*. Rétabli par K.

5. A la lumière de T, WOGIWARA est tenté de lire *paramārthasya*.

tasya daśasu dikṣv ekaikasyāṁ diśi Gaṅgānadvālukāsameṣu<sup>1</sup> buddhakṣetreṣu Gaṅgānadvālukāsamā buddhā bhagavanto nāmadheyāṁ parikīrtayante, varṇam bhāṣante, yaśāḥ prakāśayanti, [54 a] gunam udīrayanti. tat kasya hetoh. ye kecit sattvās tasya 'mitābhasya tathāgatasya nāmadheyāṁ śṛṇvanti, śrutvā cāntaśa ekacittotpādam apy adhyāśayena prasādasahagatam utpādayanti, sarve te 'vaivarttikatāyāṁ saṃtiṣṭhante 'nuttarāyāḥ samyaksāmbodheḥ.

ye cānanda kecit sattvās tam tathāgataṁ punaḥ punar ākārato manasikariṣyanti, bahuparimitaṁ ca kuśalamūlam avaropaiṣyanti, bodhāya cittam pariṇāmya tatra ca lokadhātāv upapattaye prāṇidhāsyanti, teṣāṁ so 'mi[54 b]tābhās tathāgato 'rhan samyaksāmbuddho marañakālasamaye pratyupasthite 'nekabhikṣuganaparivṛtaḥ puraskṛtaḥ sthāsyati. tatas<sup>2</sup> te tam bhagavantaṁ dṛṣṭvā prasannacittāḥ santi, tatraiva Sukhāvtyāṁ lokadhātāv upapadyate. ya Ānandākāṁkṣata, kulaputro vā<sup>3</sup> kuladuhitā vā, kim ity ahaṁ dṛṣṭa eva dharme tam Amitābhām tathāgataṁ paśyeyam iti, tenānuttarāyāṁ samyaksāmbodhau cittam utpādyādhyāśayapatitayā saṃtatyā<sup>4</sup> tasmin buddhakṣetre cittam saṃpreṣyopapattaye kuśalamūlāni ca pariṇāmayitavyāni.

ye punas tam tathāgataṁ na bhūyo manasikariṣyanti, na ca bahuparimitaṁ kuśalamūlam abhikṣṇam avaropaiṣyanti, tatra ca bu[55 a]ddhakṣetre cittam saṃpreṣayiṣyanti, teṣāṁ tādṛṣenāiva<sup>5</sup> so 'mitābhās tathāgato 'rhan samyaksāmbuddho

1. -yameṣu. Rétabli par K et T.

2. Deest S. Rétabli par K et T.

3. S omet. Rétabli par K et T.

4. S omet tout le passage depuis *tasmin buddhakṣetre* jusqu'à *manastkarisayanti*. Rétabli par K.

5. yeṣā[m] yādṛṣa eva. Rétabli par K.

varṇasaṁsthānārohapaṇīḥena bhikṣusaṁghaparivāreṇa, tādṛṣa eva buddhanirmito marañakāle purataḥ sthāsyati, te tenaiva tathagatadarśanaprasādālambanena samādhināpramuṣitayā smṛtyā cyutās, tatraiva buddhakṣetre pratyājaniṣyanti.

ye punar Ānanda sattvās tam tathāgataṁ daśacittotpādāṁ samanusmariṣyanti; sprhāṁś ca tasmin buddhakṣetre utpādayiṣyanti; gambhīreṣu ca dharmeṣu bhāṣyamāṇe[55 b]ṣu tuṣṭim pratilapsyante, na vipatsyante, na viṣādam āpatsyante, na saṁśidam āpatsyante; 'ntāśa ekacittotpādenāpi tam tathāgataṁ manasikariṣyanti, sprhāṁś cotpādayiṣyanti tasmin buddhakṣetre, te 'pi svapnāntaragatās tam Aitābhām tathāgataṁ drakṣyanti<sup>1</sup>; Sukhāvtyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante<sup>2</sup>; 'vaivarttikāś ca bhaviṣyanty anuttarāyāḥ samyaksāmbodheḥ.

imāṁ khalv Ānandārthavasam<sup>3</sup> saṃpaṣyantas, te tathāgataṁ daśasu dikṣv aprameyāsaṁkhyeyāsu lokadhatusu tasyāmitābhāsya tathāga[56 a]tasya nāmadheyāṁ parikīrtayanto, varṇāṁ<sup>4</sup> ghoṣayantah, praśāṁsām abhyudirayanti. tasmin khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre daśabhyo digbhyo ekaikasyāṁ diśi Gaṅgānadvālukopamā bodhisattvās tam Amitābhām tathāgatam upasāṁkrāmanti darśanāya, vandanāya, paryupāsanāya, paripraśnikaraṇāya; tam ca bodhisattvagaṇāṁ tāmś ca buddhakṣetraguṇālaṁkāravyūhasaṁpadaviṣeṣān<sup>5</sup> draṣṭum.

atha khalu Bhagavāṁs tasyāṁ velāyām imam evārthaṁ<sup>6</sup> bhūiyasyā mātrayā paridīpayann imā<sup>7</sup> gāthā abhāṣata:

1. drakṣyati.

2. upapatsyate.

3. arthaṁ vaśam Cf. Mahāvyutpatti 6685.

4. varṇā.

5. taś ca ... viṣeṣā(h).

6. imāṁ evārtha. K: imam evārtha.

7. imām.

ya[56 b]thaiva Gaṅgāya nadiya vālikā,  
buddhāna kṣetrā<sup>1</sup> purimena tāttakāḥ.  
yato hi te āgami buddha vanditum  
saṁbodhisattvā Amitāyu nāyakam<sup>2</sup>. (1)

5 bahupuṣpapuṭān gṛhitvā  
nānāvarṇa surabhī manoramān,  
okiranti naranāyakottamam  
Amita-āyu naradevapūjītam. (2)

tatha dakṣiṇapaścimottarāsu  
buddhāna kṣetrā diśatāsu tattakāḥ,  
yato yato āgami buddha vanditum  
saṁbodhisattvā Amitāyu nāyakam. (3)

10 bahugandhapuṭān gṛhitvā  
³nānāvarṇa surabhī manoramān,  
okiranti naranāyakottamam  
Amita-ā[57 a]yu naradevapūjītam. (4)

pūjītva ca te bahubodhisattvān,  
vanditva pādām Amitaprabhasya,  
pradakṣiṇikṛtya vadanti caivam<sup>4</sup>:

15 aho 'dbhutām śobhati buddhakṣetraṁ. (5)  
te puṣpapuṭāhi samokiranti<sup>5</sup>  
udagracittā atulāya prītaye,  
vācarān prabhāṣanti punas tu : nāyake,  
asmāpi kṣetraṁ siya evarūpam. (6)

1. *kṣetram*.

2. *-nāyakam*.

3. *nānāvarṇa ... manoramā*, v. l. 6.

4. *vadanti caiva*. Rétabli par K et T.

5. *manokiranti*.

5 taiḥ puṣpapuṭā iti kṣipta tatra<sup>1</sup>  
cchatraṁ tadā samsthīhi yojanāsatāṁ,  
svalaṁkṛtaṁ śobhati citradanḍaṁ,  
cchādeti<sup>2</sup> buddhasya samantakāyam. (7)

te bodhisattvās tatha satkaritvā,  
kathā kathenti iti tatra tuṣṭah :  
sulabdhā lābhāḥ [57b] khalu tehi sattvaiḥ,  
yehi śrutāṁ nāma narottamasya. (8)

10 asmehi<sup>3</sup> pī lābha sulabdhā pūrvā  
yad āgatasya<sup>4</sup> ima buddhakṣetraṁ.  
paśyātha svapnopama kṣetra kidr̄śāṁ,  
yat kalpitāṁ kalpasahasra śāstunā. (9)

paśyātha, buddho varapuṇyarāśiḥ,  
parīvṛtu śobhati bodhisattvaiḥ.  
Amitābhasya ābhā amitām ca tejaḥ,  
15 amitā ca āyur, amitaś ca saṁghaḥ. (10)

smitāṁ<sup>5</sup> karontī Amitāyu nāthāḥ  
saṭṭrimśatkoṭīnayutāni arcīśāṁ,  
ye niścaritvā mukhamañḍalābhāḥ  
sphuranti kṣetrāṇi sahasrakotih. (11)

20 tāḥ<sup>6</sup> sarva arcīḥ punaretya [58 a] tatra,  
mūrdhne ca astaṁgami nāyakasya.  
devamanuṣyā janayanti prītim,

1. A la lumière de T, WOGIWARA est tenté de lire : *abhikṣiptamātram* au lieu de *iti kṣipta tatra*.

2. *cchādeti*.

3. *asyehi*. Rétabli par K et T.

4. A la lumière de T et un autre manuscrit, WOGIHARA propose de lire *yadāgatāḥ sma*.

5. *smita*.

6. *tām*.

arcis tadā astam itā viditvā. (12)  
 uttiṣṭhate buddhasuto mahāyaśā  
 nāmnātha so hi Avalokiteśvaraḥ :  
 ko hetur atra bhagavan, ko pratyayah,  
 5 yena smitam kurvasi lokaṇātha. (13)  
 tam vyākarohi paramārthakovidā  
 hitānukampī bahusattvamocakah.  
 śrutvā ti vācaṁ paramāṁ manoramāṁ,  
 udagracittā bhaviṣyanti sattvāḥ. (14)  
 10 ye bodhisattvā bahulokadhātuṣu  
 Sukhāvatīṁ prasthita buddhapaśyanā,  
 te śrutva prītiṁ vipulāṁ janetvā,  
 kṣi[58 b]pram imam kṣetra vilokayeyuḥ. (15)  
 āgatya ca kṣetram idam udāram,  
 15 rddhibalaṁ pṛāpuṇi kṣipram eva,  
 divyaṁ ca cakṣus, tatha śrotra divyaṁ,  
 jātismaraḥ paramatakovidāś ca. (16)  
 Amitāyu buddhas tada vyākaroti :  
 mama hy ayaṁ praṇidhir abhūsi pūrva.  
 20 kathaṁ pi sattvāḥ śruṇiyāna nāmaṁ,  
 vrajeyu kṣetraṁ mama nityam eva. (17)  
 sa me aya praṇidhi prapūrṇa śobhanā,  
 sattvāś ca enti bahulokadhātutah.  
 āgatya kṣipram mama te 'ntikasmin  
 25 avivarttikā bhontiha ekajātiyā. (18)  
 tasmād ya icchatihā<sup>1</sup> bodhisattvah :  
 [59 a] mamāpi kṣetraṁ siya evarūpam.  
 aham pi sattvā bahu mocayeyam,

1. *icchatihā bodhi*. v. T: 'dir.

nāmena ghoṣena tha<sup>1</sup> darśanena. (19)  
 sa śighraśighraṁ tvaramāṇarūpaḥ,  
 Sukhāvatīṁ gacchatu lokadhātuṁ.  
 gatvā ca pūrvam Amitaprabhasya,  
 5 pūjetu buddhāna sahasrakoṭi. (20)  
 buddhāna koṭīṁ bahu pūjayitvā,  
 rddhibalena bahu kṣetra gatvā,  
 kṛtvāna pūjāṁ sugatāna santike,  
 bhaktāgram eṣyanti Sukhāvatī ta, iti. (21)  
 10 tasya khalu punar Ānanda bhagavato 'mitāyuṣas tathāgata-  
 syārhataḥ samyaksaribuddhasya bodhvṛkṣaḥ ṣoḍasayojanāśa-  
 tāny u[59 b]ccaitvenāṣṭau yojanaśatāny abhipralambitaśākhā-  
 pattrapalāṣaḥ pañcayojanaśatamūlārohapariṇāhah, sadāpattraḥ  
 sadāpuṣpaḥ sadāphalo, nānāvarṇo 'nekaśatasahasravarṇo,  
 nānāpattro nānāpuṣpo nānāphalo, nānāvicitrarūpena samalaṁ-  
 kṛtaś, candrabhāsamāṇiratnaparisphuṭaḥ, śakrābhilagnamaṇi-  
 ratnavicitritāś, cintāmaṇiratnākīrṇaḥ, sāgaravaramaṇiratnasuvi-  
 citrito, divyasamatikrāntaḥ, suvarṇasūtrābhīpralambito, rūca-  
 kahāro ratnahāro vajrāhāraḥ kaṭakahāro lo[60 a]hitamuktā-  
 hāro nilamuktāhāraḥ, siṁhalatāmekhalākalāparatnasūtrasarva-  
 ratnakañukaśatābhivicitritāḥ, suvarṇajālamuktājālasarvaratna-  
 jālakañkajālāvanato, makarasvastikanandyāvartyardhacandra-  
 samalamkṛtaḥ, kiṅkiṇimaṇisauvarṇasarvaratnālamkāravibhūṣito,  
 yathāśayasattvavijñaptisamalamkṛtaś ca.

tasya khalu punar Ānanda bodhvṛkṣasya vātasamīritasya  
 yaḥ śabdaghoṣo niścarati, so 'parimāṇān lokadhātūn abhivijñā-  
 payati. tatrānanda yeśāṁ sattvānāṁ [60 b] bodhvṛkṣaśabdaḥ<sup>2</sup>

1. *ghoṣeṇartha darśa*. v. T: *miñ dañ sgra dañ lta bas kyan*.

2. *bodhvṛkṣaḥ śabdaḥ*. v. T: *byañ chub kyi śiñ gi sgra*.

śrotrāvabhāsam āgacchatī, teṣāṁ śrotrarogo na pratikāṁkṣitavyo, yāvad bodhiparyantam. yeṣāṁ cāprameyāsaṁkhyeyā-  
cintyāmāpyāparimāṇānabhilāpyānāṁ sattvānāṁ bodhivṛkṣas  
cakṣuśābhāsam āgacchatī<sup>1</sup>, teṣāṁ cakṣūrogo na pratikāṁkṣitavyo, yāvad bodhiparyantam. ye khalu punar Ānanda  
sattvās tato bodhivṛkṣād gandham jighranti, teṣāṁ yāvad  
bodhiparyantam na jātu ghrāṇarogaḥ pratikāṁkṣitavyaḥ. ye  
sattvās tato bodhivṛkṣat<sup>2</sup> phalāny āsvādayanti, teṣāṁ yāvad  
bodhiparyantam [61 a] na jātu jihvārogaḥ pratikāṁkṣitavyaḥ.  
ye sattvās tasya bodhivṛkṣasyābhayā<sup>3</sup> sphuṭā bhavanti,  
teṣāṁ yāvad bodhimāṇḍaparyantam na jātu kāyarogaḥ  
pratikāṁkṣitavyaḥ. ye khalu punar Ānanda sattvās tam  
bodhivṛkṣām dharmato nidhyāyanti, teṣāṁ tatropādāya yāvad  
bodhiparyantam na jātu cittavikṣepaḥ pratikāṁkṣitavyaḥ. sarve  
ca te sattvāḥ sahadarśanāt tasya bodhivṛkṣasyāvaivarttikāḥ  
saṁtiṣṭhante; yad utānuttarāyāḥ samyaksam̄bodhes tisraś ca  
kṣantiḥ prati labhante, yad idam: ghoṣānugām anulomikām  
a[61 b]nutpattikadharma kṣantiṁ ca; tasyaivāmitāyuṣas tathā-  
gatasya pūrvapraṇidhānādhiṣṭhānenā, pūrvajinakṛtādhikāratayā,  
pūrvapraṇidhānaparicaryayoś<sup>4</sup> ca susamāptayā, subhāvitayānū-  
nāvikalatayā.

tatra khalu punar Ānanda ye bodhisattvāḥ pratyājātāḥ  
pratyājāyante pratyājanīyante vā, sarve ta ekājātipratibad-  
dhās tata evānuttarām samyaksam̄bodhim abhisam̄bhotsyante;  
sthāpayitvā praṇidhānavāśena ye te bodhisattvā mahāsimha-

1. *āgacchanti*.

2. S omet *bodhi*<sup>o</sup> qui est attéste par T.

3. *-bhaya*. v. T: *de'i 'od kyis*.

4. *-paricaryo ca*. Rétabli par T.

nādanāditā<sup>1</sup>, udārasamānāhasamānnaddhāḥ<sup>2</sup>, sarvasattvapa[62 a]-  
rinirvāṇābhiyuktāś ca.

tasmin khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre ye śrāvakās  
te vyomaprabhā, ye bodhisattvās te yojanakoṭīśatasahasra-  
prabhāḥ; sthāpayitvā dvau bodhisattvau, yayoh prabhayā<sup>3</sup> sā  
sā lokadhātuḥ satatasamitā nityāvabhāsasphuṭā<sup>4</sup>.

atha khalv āyuṣmān Ānando Bhagavantam etad avocat:  
kim nāmadheyau Bhagavan tau satpuruṣau badhisattvau  
mahāsattvau. Bhagavān āha : ekas taylor<sup>5</sup> Ānandāvalokiteśvara  
bodhisattvo mahāsattvo, dvitīyah Sthāmaprāpto nāma. ita evānanda [62 b] buddhakṣetrāc<sup>6</sup> cyutvā tatropapannau.

tatra cānanda buddhakṣetre ye bodhisattvāḥ pratyājātāḥ,  
sarve te dvātriṁśatā mahāpuruṣalakṣaṇaiḥ samanvāgatāḥ,  
paripūrṇagātrā, dhyānābhijñākovidāḥ, prajñāprabhedakovidāḥ,  
kuśalās, tīkṣṇendriyāḥ, susamvṛtendriyā, ājñātendriyā, adinā-  
calendriyāḥ<sup>7</sup>, prati labdhakṣāntikā anantāparyantaguṇāḥ.

tasmin khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre ye bodhisattvāḥ  
pratyājātāḥ, sarve te 'virahitā buddhadarśanena dharmā-  
śravaṇenāvinipātadharmāṇo, yāvad bodhiparyantam. sarve ca  
te [63 a] tatropādāya na jātv ajātismarā<sup>8</sup> bhaviṣyanti, sthāpa-  
yitvā tathārūpeśu kalpasamānābheśu ye pūrvasthānapraṇihitāḥ  
pañcasu kaṣāyeśu vartamāneśu, yadā buddhānāṁ bhagavatām

1. *-nāditah*.

2. *-naddhāḥ*. K: *°dha*.

3. *prabhayāḥ*. v. T: *'od kyis*.

4. *sphuṭāḥ*.

5. *ekas tator*. v. T: *de gñis la gcig*.

6. *-kṣetrāḥ* v. T: *sañis rgyas kyi shin 'di nas si 'phos nas*.

7. S donne *-abala-*. Il faut sans aucune doute selon T rétablir ici la  
leçon *-acala-*.

8. *na jātuḥ na jāti*. v. T: *tshe rabs mi dran pa*.

loke prādurbhāvo bhavati, tad yathāpi nāma mamaitarhi.

tasmin khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre ye bodhisattvāḥ pratyājātāḥ, sarve ta ekapurobhaktenānyalokadhātūm gatvā-<sup>5</sup>nekāni buddhakoṭinayutaśatasahasrāṇy upatiṣṭhanti, yāvac cākāṁkṣanti buddhānubhāvena te yathā cittam utpādayanty : evamṛūpaiḥ puṣpadīpadhūpagandhamālyā[63 b]vilepanacūrṇa-<sup>10</sup>cīvaracchatradhvajapatākāvajayantītūryasāṅgītivādyaiḥ pūjāin kuryāma iti, teṣāṁ sahacittotpādāt<sup>1</sup> tathārūpāṇy eva sarvapū-<sup>15</sup>jāvidhānāni pāṇau prādurbhavanṭi. te taiḥ puṣpair yāvad vādyais teṣu buddheṣu bhagavatsu pūjāṁ kurvanto bahvapa-<sup>20</sup>rimāṇasāmīkhyeyam kuśalamūlam upacinvanti. sacet punar ākāṁkṣanty : evamṛūpāḥ puṣpapuṭāḥ pāṇau prādurbhavanti, teṣāṁ sahacittotpādān nānāvarṇā anekavarṇā nānāgandhā di-<sup>25</sup>vāyāḥ puṣpapuṭāḥ pāṇau prādurbhavanti<sup>2</sup>. te tais tathārūpaiḥ puṣpapuṭaiḥ tān buddhān bhagavato 'vakiranti sma, abhyava-<sup>30</sup>kiranty, abhiprakiranty. teṣāṁ ca yaḥ sarvaparīttāḥ puṣpapuṭā [64 a] utsṛṣṭo, daśayojanavistāram puṣpacchattrām prādurbha-<sup>35</sup>vanti. upary antarikṣe dvitiye cānuteṣṭe, na prathamo dharanāyām prapati. santi tatra puṣpapuṭā ya utsṛṣṭāḥ santo viṁśatiyojanavistārāṇi puṣpacchatrāṇy upary antarikṣe prādurbhavanti. santi trimśatcatvārīmśatpañcāśat, santi yojanā-<sup>40</sup>satasahasravistārāṇi puṣpacchatrāṇy upary antarikṣe prādurbhavanti. tatra ya udāraṁ pritiprāmodyaṁ samjanayanty ; udāraṁ ca cittaubdilyaṁ pratilabhyante ; te bahv aparimi-<sup>45</sup>tam asaṁkhyeyam ca kuśala[64 b]mūlam avaropya, bahūni buddhakoṭinayutaśatasahasrāṇy upasthāyaikapūrvāhnena punar api Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātau pratiṣṭhante, tasyaivāmitāyuṣas

1. *-cittotpada*. Rétabli par K et T.

2. S omet tout cette passage depuis *teṣām sahacittotpādān*. Rétabli par K et T.

tathāgatasya pūrvapraṇidhānādhiṣṭhānaparigraheṇa, pūrvadattadharmaśravaṇena, pūrvajīnāvaropitakuśalamūlatayā, pūrvapraṇidhānasamṛddhiparipūryānūnayā suvibhaktābhāvitayā.

tasmin khalu punar Ānanda buddhakṣetre ye bodhisattvāḥ pratyājātāḥ, sarve te sarvajñatāsaḥagatām eva dharmakathāṁ<sup>5</sup> kathayanti. na ca tatra buddhakṣetre sattvānām kācit<sup>1</sup> pa[65 a]rigrahāsaṁjñāsti, sarvāṁ tad-buddhakṣetraṁ<sup>2</sup> samanucāmīkramamāñjñā, anuvicaranto na ratim<sup>3</sup> nāratim utpādayanti. prakrāmantas<sup>4</sup> tāś cānupekṣā evāṁ prakrāmantī, na sāpekṣāḥ<sup>10</sup> sarvaśas caiṣām evāṁ cittam nāsti.

tatra khalu punar Ānanda Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātau ye sattvāḥ pratyājātā, nāsti teṣām anyātakasāmījñā, nāsti svakasāmījñā, nāsti mamasāmījñā, nāsti vigraho, nāsti vivādo, nāsti virodhō, nāsti asamacittāḥ<sup>5</sup>; samacittā te, hitacittā, maitracittā, mṛḍucittāḥ, snigdhacittāḥ, karmanyacittāḥ, prasannacittā[65 b]tāḥ, sthiracittā, vinīvaraṇacittā, akṣubhitacittā, aluḍitacittāḥ, prajñāpāramitācaryācaraṇacittāś, cittādhārabuddhipravīṣṭāḥ, sāgarasamāḥ prajñayā, Merusamā buddhyānekaguṇasāmīcayā, bodhyaṅgasāmīgityā vikrīditā, buddhasāmīgityābhīyuktā ; māṁsacakṣuḥ pratīcinvanti. divyāṁ cakṣur abhinir-<sup>20</sup>haranti. prajñācakṣurgatīmgatāḥ, dharmacakṣuḥpāramīgatāḥ ; buddhacakṣur niṣpādayanto, deśayanto, dyotayanto, vistāreṇa prakāśayanto ; 'saṅgajñānam abhinirharantas, traidehātukasamata�ābhīyuktā<sup>6</sup>, dā[66 a]ntacittāḥ, sāntacittāḥ<sup>7</sup>, sarvadharmaṇu-

1. S omet *ka-* qui est attesté par K et T.

2. *-kṣetra*. Rétabli par K et T.

3. *ratir*. v. K : *ratim*.

4. *prakrāmatāḥ*. Émandé par K.

5. Rétabli par T : *mi mñam pa'i sems*.

6. *-yuktāḥ*.

7. *-cittāḥ*.

palabdhisamanvāgatāḥ, samudayaniruktikuśalā, dharmaniruktisamanvāgatā, hārāhārakuśalā, nayānayasthānakuśalā ; lokikīṣu kathāsv anapekṣā viharanti. lokottarābhīḥ kathābhīḥ sāraṁ pratyayanti. sarvadharmaṇaryeṣṭikusalāḥ, sarvadharmaṇaprakṛti-  
vyupasamajñānavihārino, 'nupalambhagocarā, niṣkiñcanā, nirupādānā, niścintā, nirupāyāsā<sup>1</sup>, anupādāya<sup>2</sup> suvimuktā, anaṅgañā, aparyantasthāyino, 'bhijñāsv [66 b] amūlasthāyino, 'saṅgacittā<sup>3</sup>, anavalinā, gambhireṣu dharmeṣ abhiyuktā na saṁsidanti. duranubodhabuddhajñānapraveśodgatā, ekāyatana-  
mārgānuprāptā, nirvicikitsās, tīrṇakathāmīkathā, aparapratyaya-  
jñānā, anadhimāninaḥ; Sumerusamā jñāne 'bhyudgatāḥ; sāgarasamā buddhyākṣobhyā ; candraśūryaprabhātīkrāntāḥ prajñāyā<sup>4</sup>, pāṇḍarasuśuklaśubhacittayā ca; uttaptahemavṛṇasadraśāvabhāsa-  
nirbhāsaguṇapradhānatayā ca; vasumīdharaśadraśāḥ sarvasattva-  
śubhāśubhakṣapanatayā ; <sup>5</sup>apsadraśāḥ sarvakleśamalanidhāvana-  
pravāhanatayā ; agnirājasadraśāḥ sarvadharmaṇanyānākleśa-  
nirdahanatayā ; vāyusadraśāḥ sarvalokāśaṁjanatayā ; ākāśasadra-  
śāḥ<sup>6</sup> sarvadharmaṇairvedhikatayā, sarvaśo niṣkiñcanatayā ca.  
padmasadraśāḥ sarvalokānupaliptayā ; kālānusārimahāmegha-  
sadraśā dharmābhigarjanatayā<sup>7</sup> ; [67 a] mahāvṛṣṭisadraśā dharmā-  
salilābhivarṣaṇatayā ; ṛṣabhasadraśā mahāgaṇābhībhavanatayā ;  
mahānāgasadraśāḥ paramasudāntacittatayā; bhadrāsvājāneya-  
sadraśāḥ suvinitatayā ; siṁhamṛgarājasadraśā vikramavaiśāra-

1. -upayāsah.

2. anutpādāyah. Rétabli par K et T.

3. K 'saṅgacarika. v. T: sems chags pa med pa.

4. prajñayāḥ

5. S omet tout le passage depuis *apsadraśāḥ* jusqu'à *-garjanatayā*. Rétabli par K et T.

6. K insére ici *suvinitatayā* qui n'est pas attesté par T.

7. K omet. Rétabli par T.

dyāśaṁtrastatayā ; nyagrodhadrumarājasadraśāḥ sarvasattva-  
paritrāṇatayā ; Sumeruparvatarājasadraśāḥ sarvaparavādyakam-  
panatayā ; gaganasadraśā aparimāṇamaitribhāvanatayā ; mahā-  
brahmaśamāḥ sarvakuśalamūladharmādhi[67 b]patyapūrvavainga-  
manatayā ; pakṣisadraśāḥ saṁnicayasthānatayā ; garuḍadvijarā-  
jasadraśāḥ parapratvādividhvamīsanatayā ; udumbarapuṣpasadraśā  
durlabhotpattyarthitayā<sup>1</sup> ; nāgavat susamāhitā, avikṣiptā, ajih-  
mendriyā<sup>2</sup> ; viniścayakuśalāḥ, kṣāntisaurabhyabahulā ; anīrṣya-  
kāḥ<sup>3</sup> parasaṁpattyaprārthatayā. viśāradā dharmakathāsv ;  
atṛptā dharmaparyeṣṭau ; vaiḍuryasadraśāḥ śilena ; ratnākarāḥ<sup>4</sup>  
śrutena ; mañjusvarā mahādharmadundubhighoṣena<sup>5</sup> ; mahā-  
dharmabherīm<sup>6</sup> parāghnanto ; mahādhā[68 a]rmaśāṅkham āpū-  
rayanto ; <sup>7</sup>mahādharmadhvajām ucchrāpayanto<sup>8</sup> ; <sup>7</sup>mahādharm-  
molkām<sup>9</sup> prajvālayantaḥ ; prajñāvilokino, 'saṁmūḍhā, nirdoṣāḥ,  
śāntākhilāḥ, śuddhā, nirāmagandhā, alubdhāḥ, saṁvibhāgar-  
tā, muktatyāgāḥ, prasṛtapāṇayo, dānasāṁvibhāgaratā dharmā-  
miṣābhīyām, dāne 'matsariṇo, 'saṁśṛṣṭā, <sup>10</sup>anuttarastamānasā,  
viraktā, dhīrā, vīrā, dhaureyā, dhṛtimanto, hrīmanto, 'sādṛśyā<sup>11</sup>,  
nirargaḍā, prāptābhijñāḥ<sup>12</sup>, surataḥ sukhasaṁvāsā, arthakarā,

1. *durlabhotpratyarthina*. Rétabli par T: 'byun ba dka' ba'i phyir.

2. *ajihvendriya*. Retabli par T.

3. *attrthakāḥ*. v. T: *phrag dog med pa*.

4. *ratnakarā*.

5. S omet *-dharma* qui est attesté par T.

6. *bherī*.

7. S omet *maha* qui est attesté par K et T.

8. *ucchrāpayantah*.

9. *-molka*.

10. *uttrastamānasah*. v. T: *yid 'jigs pa med pa*.

11. Sic S. A la lumière de T et un manuscrit (Université de Tokyo), WOGIWARA propose la leçon *suvyūḍhaśalyā*.

12. *praptābhijñāḥ*.

lokapradyatā, nāyakā, nandirāgā<sup>68 b</sup> nunayapratighāḥ, prahīṇāḥ, śuddhāḥ, śokāpagatā, nirmalāś, trimalaprahiṇā, vikrīditābhijñā, hetubalikāḥ, praṇidhānabalikā, ajihmā, akuṭilāḥ.

ye te bahubuddhakoṭinayutaśatasasrāvaropitakuśalamūlā,  
⁹ utpātitamānaśalyā, apagatarāgadveśamohāḥ, śuddhāḥ, śuddhā-  
dhimuktā, jinavarapraśastā, lokapanḍitā, uttaptajñānasamudga-  
tā, jinastutāś, cittaudbilyasamanvāgatāḥ, śūrā, dṛḍhā, asamā,  
akhilā, atulā, arajasāḥ<sup>1</sup>, sahitā, udārā, ṛṣabhbā, [69 a] hrīmanto<sup>2</sup>,  
dhṛtimantah<sup>3</sup>, smṛtimanto, matimanto<sup>4</sup>, gatimantah, prajñāśas-  
trapraharaṇāḥ, puṇyavanto, dyutimanto, vyapagatakhilamala-  
prahīṇā<sup>5</sup>, abhiyuktāḥ sātatyęsu<sup>6</sup> dharmeṣu.

īdṛśā Ānanda tasmin buddhakṣetre bodhisattvā mahāsattvāḥ  
saṁkṣiptena. vistareṇa punaḥ sacet kalpakoṭinayutaśatasaha-  
srasthitikenāpy āyuṣpramāṇena tathāgato nirdiśed, na tv eva  
⁹ śakyām teṣāṁ satpuruṣāṇāṁ guṇaparyanto 'dhigantum. na ca  
tathāgatasya vaiśāradhyopacchedo bhavet. tat kasya hetoh. ubha-  
[69 b] yam apy etad Ānandācintyam<sup>7</sup> atulyam, yad idam : teṣāṁ  
ca bodhisattvānāṁ guṇāś<sup>8</sup> tathāgatasya cānuttaram prajñāpra-  
tibhānam.

⁹ api cānanda uttiṣṭha paścānmukho bhūtvā, puṣpāṇy avakīr-  
yāñjaliṁ pragṛhya, praṇipata. eṣāsau dig, yatra sa bhagavān  
Amitābhās tathāgato 'rhan samyaksam̄buddhas tiṣṭhati dhri-

1. K arajaskāḥ.

2. hrīmantah. Selon T (*bden pa smra pa*) il faudrait peut-être lire : *satyavanto* ou *satyavādino*.

3. Sic. Selon T (*blo dañ ldan pa*), il faut peut-être rétablir : *buddhimanto*.

4. -mantah.

5. prahīṇah.

6. sātatyęsu. Rétabli par T : *chos la rtag tu brtshon pa*.

7. S omet *acintyam* qui est rétabli par K et T.

8. guṇām.

yate yāpayati, dharmaṁ ca deśayati ; virajo viśuddho, yasya  
tam nāmadheyam anāvaraṇam daśadiśi loke vighuṣṭam<sup>1</sup> ekai-  
kaṣyām diśi Gaṅgānadivālikāsamā buddhā bhagavanto varṇa-  
yanti, stuvanti, praśāṁsanty, asakṛd asakṛd asaṅga[70 a]vācā-  
prativākyāḥ<sup>2</sup>. evam ukta, āyuṣmān Ānando Bhagavantam  
etad avocat : icchāmy aham bhagavantam tam Amitābhām  
amitaprabham Amitāyuṣāṁ tathāgatam arhantam samyak-  
saṁbuddham draṣṭum, tāṁś ca bodhisattvān mahāsattvān  
bahubuddhakoṭinayutaśatasasrāvaropitakuśalamūlān. sama-  
nantarābhāṣītā cāyuṣmatānandeneyām vāk, atha tāvad eva  
so 'mitābhās tathāgato 'rhan samyaksam̄buddhaḥ svapāṇītalāt  
tathārūpām prabhām<sup>3</sup> prāmuñcat, yayedaṁ koṭīśatasasrata-  
mām buddhakṣetram mahatāvabhāṣena sphuṭam abhūt.

tena khalv api [70 b] samayena sarvatra koṭīśatasasra-  
buddhakṣetrāṇām, ye kecit kālaparvatā vā, ratnaparvatā vā,  
⁹ MeruMahāmeruMucilindaMahāmucilindaCakravāḍaMahācakra-  
vāḍā vā, bhittayo vā, stambhā vā, vṛkṣagahanodyānavimānāni  
vā divyamānuṣyakāni, tāni sarvāṇi tasya tathāgatasya tayā  
prabhayābhīnirbhinnāny abhūvan, samabhibhūtāni.

tad yathāpi nāma puruṣo vyāmamātrake sthito dvitiyām  
puruṣām pratyavekṣata āditye 'bhyudgata ; evam evāśmin  
buddhakṣetre bhikṣubhikṣuṇyupāsakopāsikā devanā[71 a]gaya-  
kṣagandharvāsuragaruḍakinnaramahoragāś ca tasyām velāyām  
adrākṣus tam Amitābhām tathāgatam arhantam samyaksam-  
buddham, Sumerum iva parvatarājānam sarvakṣetrābhuyudga-  
tam, sarvadiso 'bhibhūya, bhāsamānam tapantam virocāmānam

1. vighuṣṭah.

2. -vākyā. A la lumière de T. WOGIWARA propose la leçon : *asaṅgavāco*  
*'prativākyāḥ*.

3. K tathārūpam raśmim.

bibhrājamānam, tam ca mahāntam bodhisattvagaṇam, tam ca bhikṣusāṁgham, yad idam buddhānubhāvena tasyāḥ prabhāyāḥ pariśuddhatvāt.

tad yatheyam mahāpr̄thivy ekodakajātā bhavet, tatra na vṛkṣā, na parvatā, na dvīpā, na ṭṛṇagulmauṣadhi vanaspatayo, na nadiśvabhraprapā<sup>71 b</sup>tāḥ prajñāyeran, anyatraikārṇavibhūtamahāpr̄thivy aikā syāt; evam eva tasmin buddhakṣetre nāsty anyat kīmcil liṅgam vā, nimittam vānyatraiva vyāmaprabhāḥ śrāvakās, te ca yojanakoṭīśatasahasraprabhā bodhisattvāḥ. sa ca bhagavān Amitābhas tathāgato 'rhan samyaksambuddhas, tam ca śrāvakagaṇam, tam ca bodhisattvagaṇam abhibhūya, sarvā diśāḥ prabhāsayan sarīdr̄syate.

tena khalv api samayena tasyām Sukhāvatyām lokadhātau bodhisattvāḥ śrāvākadevamanuṣyāś ca sarve ta<sup>1</sup> imām loka-dhātum<sup>2</sup>, Śākyamunim ca tathāga<sup>72 a</sup> tam<sup>3</sup> mahatā bhikṣusāṁghena parivṛtar̄m pasyanti sma, dharmām ca deśayantam.

tatra khalu Bhagavān Ajitam bodhisattvar̄m mahāsattvam āmantrayate sma: paśyasi tvam Ajitāmuśmin buddhakṣetre guṇālaṁkāravyūhasāṁpadam; upariṣṭāś cāntarikṣa ārāma-ramaṇiyāni, vanaramaṇiyāny, udyānaramaṇiyāni, nadipuskiriṇi-ramaṇiyāni, nānāratnamayotpālapadmakumudapuṇḍarikākīrnā-ni; adhastāc ca dharaṇītalām upādāya, yāvad akanīṣṭhabha-vanād, gaganatalām puṣpābhikīrṇam, pu<sup>72 b</sup>ṣpāvalisamupaśo-bhitam, nānāstambhapaṇktiparisphuṭam<sup>4</sup>, tathāgatābhinirmita-nānādvijasaṁghaniṣevitam. āha: paśyāmi Bhagavan. Bhagavān āha: paśyasi punas tvam Ajitaitān aparān dvijasamghān

1. *ca*. Rétabli par K et T.

2. *K Sahalokadhātum*.

3. *K tathāgatam arhantam samyaksambuddham arhatā bhikṣu*.

4. *-sphuṭam*.

sarvabuddhakṣetrān buddhasvareṇābhijijñāpayanti, yenaite bodhisattvā nityam avirahitā buddhānusmṛtyā. āha: paśyāmi Bhagavan. Bhagavān<sup>1</sup> āha: paśyasi tvam Ajitātra<sup>2</sup> buddhakṣetre amūn sattvān yojanaśatasahasrakeṣu vimāneṣ abhirūḍhān, antarikṣe 'saktān krāmataḥ<sup>3</sup>. āha: paśyāmi Bhagavan. Bhaga<sup>73 a</sup>vān āha: tat kiṁ manyase 'jita; asti kiṁcīn nānātvām devānām vā paranirmitavaśavartinām Sukhāvatyām lokadhātau manuṣyāṇām vā. āha: ekam apy aham Bhagavan nānātvām na samanupaśyāmi. yāvad maharddhikā atra Sukhāvatyām lokadhātau manuṣyāḥ. Bhagavān āha: paśyasi punas tvam Ajita tatra<sup>4</sup> Sukhāvatyām lokadhātāv ekeśām manuṣyāṇām udāreṣu padmeṣu garbhāvāsam. āha; tad yathāpi nāma Bhagavan trayaśtriṁśā devā yāmā devā vā<sup>5</sup>, pañcāśad-yojanakeṣu vā, yojanaśatikeṣu vā, pañcayojanaśati<sup>73 b</sup>keṣu vimāneṣu praviṣṭāḥ krīḍanti, ramanti, paricārayanti; evam evāhām Bhagavan atra Sukhāvatyām lokadhātāv ekeśām manuṣyāṇām udārapadmeṣu<sup>6</sup> garbhāvāsam paśyāmi.

santi khalu punar atra Bhagavan sattvā ya upapādukāḥ padmeṣu paryāṇkaiḥ prādurbhavanti. tat ko 'tra Bhagavan hetuh, kaḥ pratyayo, yad anye punar garbhāvāse prativasanti; anye punar upapādukāḥ paryāṇkaiḥ padmeṣu prādurbhavanti. Bhagavān āha: ye te 'jita bodhisattvā anyeṣu buddhakṣetreṣu sthitāḥ Sukhāvatyām lokadhātāv upapattaye vicikitsām<sup>7</sup>

1. S omet. Rétabli par K et T.

2. *Ajitaḥ atra*.

3. *antarikṣet aśaktān krāmata*. v. T: *bar snān la chags pa med par 'gro ba dag mthon niām*.

4. *atra*. Rétabli K et T.

5. S omet. Rétabli par K et T: *danī*.

6. Sic. Cf. supra l. 12.

7. *vicikitsayati*. Rétabli par K. v. infra p. 58, l. 9.

utpādayanti, te<sup>74 a</sup>na cittena kuśalamūlāny avaropayanti, teṣām atra garbhāvāso bhavati. ye punar nirvicikitsās cchinna-kāmkṣāḥ Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapattaye kuśalamūlāny avaropayanti, buddhānām bhagavatām asaṅgajñānam ava-<sup>5</sup>kalpayanty abhiśraddadhaty adhimucyante; tatropapādukāḥ padmeṣu paryānkaiḥ prādurbhavanti. ye te 'jita bodhisattvā mahāsattvā anyatrabuddhakṣetrasthāś cittam utpādayanty Amitābhasya tathāgatasyārhataḥ samyaksam buddhasya darśa-<sup>10</sup>nāya, na<sup>1</sup> vicikitsām utpādayanti, na kām<sup>74 b</sup>ksanty asaṅga-<sup>10</sup>buddhajñānam, svakuśalamūlam cābhiśraddadhati, teṣām aupapādukānām paryānkaiḥ padmeṣu prādurbhūtānām muhūrtamātreṇaivaivāmrūpāḥ kāyo bhavati, tad yathānyeṣāṁ ciropapannānām sattvānām.

paśyājita prajñādaurbalyām prajñāvaimātram prajñāparihā-<sup>15</sup>ṇīm prajñāparittatām, yatra hi nāma pañcavarṣasātāni parihi-<sup>15</sup>ṇā bhavanti buddhadarśanād, bodhisattvadarśanāt, saddharma-<sup>15</sup>darśanād, dhārmasamkathyāt; kuśalamūlacaryāyāḥ parihiṇā bhavanti sarvakuśalamūlasamptatter, yad idam vicikitsāpati-<sup>15</sup>taiḥ samjñāma<sup>75 a</sup>nasikāraiḥ.

<sup>20</sup> tad yathājita rājñāḥ kṣatriyasya mūrdhnābhiṣiktasya bandhanāgāram bhavet, sarvasauvarṇavaiḍūryapratyuptam, avasaktapaṭtamālyadāmakalāpām, nānāraṅgavitatavitānām, dūṣyapaṭtasamccchannām, nānāmuktakusumābhikirṇam, udāram, dhūpanirdhūpitām, prāsādaharmyagavākṣavedikātorāṇavicitra-<sup>25</sup> sarvaratnapratimāṇḍitām, hemaratnakāmkaṇijālasamccchannām<sup>2</sup>, caturasraṁ, catuhsthūṇām, caturdvāram, catuhṣopānakam. tatra tasya rājñāḥ putraḥ kenacid eva krtyena prakṣipto

1. S omet. Rétabli par K. et T.

2. *sannannari*. Rétabli par K et T.

jāmbūnadasuvarṇā<sup>75 b</sup>mayair nigadair baddho bhavati. tasya ca tatra paryānkaiḥ<sup>1</sup> prajñaptah syād, anekagoṇikāstirṇas, tūlikāpalālikāstirṇah<sup>2</sup>, kācilindikasukhasamsparśah, kāliṅga-prāvaraṇasottarapaṭacchadana, ubhayāntalohitopadhānaś<sup>3</sup>, citro, darśaniyah. sa tatrābhiniṣaṇo vābhinipanno vā bhavet<sup>4</sup>. bahu cāsyānekavidhām śucipraṇītaṁ pānabhojanām tatropanāmyet. tat kiṁ manyase 'jita; udāras tasya rājaputrasya sa paribhogō bhavet. āha : udāro Bhagavan. Bhagavān āha : tat kiṁ manyase 'jita; api <sup>76 a</sup> tv āsvādayet, sa tan nigamayed<sup>5</sup> vā, tena vā tuṣṭiṁ vidyāt. āha : no hidam Bhagavan. api tu khalu punar yena vyapanītena rājñā tatra bandhanāgāre prakṣipto bhavet, sa tato mokṣam evākāmkṣayet. abhijātān<sup>6</sup> kumārān amātyān<sup>7</sup> stryāgārān<sup>7</sup> śreṣṭhino gr̄hapatīn<sup>8</sup> koṭṭarājño vā paryeṣed, ya enām tato bandhanāgārāt parimocayeyuh. kiṁ cāpi Bhagavarṇs tasya kumārasya tatra bandhanāgāre nābhīratih. nātra parimucyate, yāvan na rājā prasādam<sup>9</sup> upadarśayati. Bhagavān āha : evam evājita, ye te <sup>76 b</sup> bodhisattvāḥ vicikitsāpatitāḥ kuśalamūlāny avaropayanti, kāmkṣānti<sup>10</sup> buddhajñānam asamasamajñānam, kiṁ cāpi te buddhanāmaśravaṇena, tena ca cittaprasādamātreṇātra Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapadyante. na tu khalv aupapādukāḥ padmeṣu paryānkaiḥ prādurbhavanti. api tu padmeṣu garbhāvāse

1. *paryankaiḥ*.

2. *pa[la]likā*. Rétabli par T.

3. *-dhānam*.

4. S omet. Rétabli par K.

5. Sic. WOGIWARA propose la leçon *nigalayed*.

6. *abhijataabhijataṁ*.

7. S omet. Rétabli par K et T.

8. *gr̄hapatī*.

9. *prasādam*. Rétabli par K et T.

10. *kāmkṣati*.

prativasanti. kim cāpi teṣāṁ tatrodīyānavimānasamjnāḥ samtiṣṭhante. nāsty uccāraprasrāvāṁ, nāsti kheṭasiṁhānakaṁ, na pratikūlaṁ manasaḥ pravartate. api tu khalu punaḥ pañca varṣaśatāni virahitā bhavanti [77 a] buddhadarśanena, dharmaśravaṇena, bodhisattvadarśanena, dharmasāmkathya-viniścayena, sarvakuśaladharmacaryābhiś ca. kim cāpi te tatra nābhiramante, na tuṣṭiṁ vidanti<sup>1</sup>. api tu khalu punaḥ pūrvāparādhaṁ kṣapayitvā, te bhūyas tataḥ paścān niṣkrāmanti. na caisāṁ tato niṣkrāmatāṁ niṣkramaḥ prajñāyata, ūrdhvam adhas tiryag vā.

paśyājita; yatra hi nāma pañcabhir varṣaśatair bahūni buddhakoṭinayutaśatasahaśrāṇy upasthātavyāni, bahvasaṁkhye-yāprameyāni ca kuśalamūlāny avaropayitavyāni ca syuh. buddha[77 b]dharmāś ca parigṛhitavyāḥ. tat sarvam<sup>2</sup> vicikit-sādoṣena virāgayanti. paśyājita kiyan mahate 'narthāya bodhisattvānāṁ vicikitsā saṁvartata iti.

tasmāt tarhy Ajita; bodhisattvair nirvicikitsair bodhāya cittam utpādyā, kṣipram sarvasattvahitasukhādhānāya sāmarthāpratilambhārthaṁ, Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapattaye kuśalamūlāni pariṇāmayitavyāni, yatra bhagavān Amitāyus<sup>3</sup> tathāgato 'rhan samyaksambuddhaḥ.

evam ukte, 'jito bodhisattvo Bhagavantam etad avocat: kiyantah punar Bhagavan bodhisattvā ito buddhakṣetrā[78 a]t pariniṣpannā, anyeśāṁ vā<sup>4</sup> buddhānāṁ bhagavatām antikād ye Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante. Bhagavān āha :

1. *vindati. vindā[n]ti?*

2. S' omet la phrase *tat sarvam* qui est attesté par K et T.

3. [A]mitāyusas.

4. *vā anyeśām.*

ito hy Ajita buddhakṣetrād<sup>1</sup> dvāsaptaṭikoṭinayutāni bodhisattvānāṁ pariniṣpannāni, yāni Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante, pariniṣpannānāṁ avaivarttikānāṁ bahubuddhakoṭisatasahaśrāvaropitaiḥ kuśalamūlaiḥ. kaḥ panar vādas, tataḥ parittataraiḥ kuśalamūlaiḥ.

Duṣprasahasya tathāgatasyāntikād aşṭādaśakoṭinayutāni bodhisattvānāṁ Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsya[78 b]nte;

pūrvāntare digbhāge Ratnākaro nāma tathāgato viharati. tasyāntikān <sup>2</sup>navatibodhisattvakoṭyah Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Jyotiṣprabhasya tathāgatasyāntikād dvāviṁśatibodhisattvakoṭyah Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Amitaprabhasya tathāgatasyāntikāt pañcaviṁśatibodhisattvakoṭyah Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Lokapradipasya tathāgatasyāntikāt ṣaṣṭibodhisattvakoṭyah Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Nāgābhibhuvas<sup>3</sup> tathāga[79 a]tasyāntikāt catuhṣaṣṭibodhisattvakoṭyah Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Virajaprabhasya tathāgatasyāntikāt pañcaviṁśatibodhisattvakoṭyah Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Sirṁhasya tathāgatasyāntikād aşṭādaśabodhisattvasahaśrāṇi Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Śrikūṭasya tathāgatasyāntikād ekāśitibodhisattvakoṭinayutāni Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

Narendrarājasya tathāgatasyāntikād daśabodhisattvakoṭinayutāni Sukhāvatyāṁ [79 b] lokadhātāv upapatsyante;

1. *buddhakṣetra.*

2. *navatih.*

3. *Nagabhiva.* Rétabli par K et T.

Balābhijñasya<sup>1</sup> tathāgatasyāntikād dvādaśabodhisattvasahārāṇī Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante ;

Puṣpadhvajasya tathāgatasyāntikāt pañcavimśatir vīryapraptā bodhisattvakoṭya ekaprasthānasamsthitā ekenāṣṭāhena<sup>5</sup> navanavatikalpakoṭinayutaśatasahasrāṇī paścānmukhīkṛtya yāḥ Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante<sup>3</sup> ;

Jvalanādhipates tathāgatasyāntikād dvādaśabodhisattvakoṭyāḥ Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante ;

Vaiśāradyapraptasya tathāgatasyāntikād ekonasaptatir<sup>10</sup> bodhisattvakoṭyo yāḥ Sukhāvatyāṁ lokadhātāv upapatsyante ;

Amitābhasya tathāgatasya darśanāya, [80 a] vandanāya, paryupāsanāya pariprcchanāyai pariprāṇikaraṇāya.

etenājita paryāyeṇa paripūrṇakalpakoṭinayutaṁ nāmadheyāni parikīrtayeyāṁ teṣāṁ tathāgatānām, yebhyas te bodhisattvā<sup>15</sup> upasamkrāmanti Sukhāvatīm lokadhātūm tam Amitābham tathāgataṁ draṣṭūm vanditūm paryupāsitūm, na ca śakyāḥ paryanto 'dhigantum.

paśyājita kiyat sulabdhālābhās te sattvā ye 'mitābhasya tathāgatasyārhataḥ samyaksam buddhasya nāmadheyāṁ<sup>20</sup> śroṣyanti. nāpi te sattvā hīnādhimuktikā bhavi[80 b]ṣyanti, ye 'ntaśa ekacittaprasādam api tasmin tathāgate pratilapsyante, 'smiṁś ca dharmaparyāye.

tasmāt tarhy Ajita ; ārocayāmi vah<sup>5</sup>, prativelyāmi vah<sup>5</sup>, sadevakasya lokasya purato 'sya dharmaparyāyasya sravaṇā-

1. *Balabhijñasya*.

2. *-vīṁśati*.

3. *upapadyante*.

4. S' omet tout le passage depuis *-dhipates* jusqu'à *eko*. Rétabli par K et T.

5. *va*. Rétabli par K (K omet le deuxième *va(h)*).

ya, trisāhasramahāsāhasram api lokadhātum agniparipūrṇām<sup>1</sup> avagāhyātikramya ikacittotpādām api vipratisāro<sup>2</sup> na kartavyaḥ. tat kasya hetoḥ. bodhisattvakoṭyo hy Ajitāśravaṇād eṣām evamrūpānām dharmaparyāyānām vivartante 'nuttarāyāḥ samyaksam bodheḥ. tasmād<sup>3</sup> asya [81 a] dharmaparyāyasyā-<sup>5</sup> dhyāśayena śravaṇodgrahaṇadhāraṇārthām, paryavāptaye, vistareṇasamprakāśanārthāya, bhāvanārthām ca, sumahadvīryam ārabdhavyam. antaśa ekarātrīm divasam apy, eka-godohamātram apy antaśaḥ, pustakagatāvaropitam api kṛtvā sulikhito dhārayitavyaḥ, śaṣṭrasaṁjñā ca tatropādāya kartavyā,<sup>10</sup> icchadbhiḥ<sup>4</sup> kṣipram aparimitān sattvān avaivarttikāṁś cānuttarāyāṁsamyaksam bodhau pratiṣṭhāpayitum, tam ca tasya bhagavato 'mitābhasya tathāgatasya bu[81 b]ddhakṣetram draṣṭum, ātmānaś ca visiṣṭāṁ buddhakṣetraguṇālāmkāra-vyūhasampradarśanām parigṛhitum iti.

15

api tu khalv Ajita ; atyarthaṁ sulabdhālābhās<sup>5</sup> te sattvā avaropitakuśalamūlāḥ, pūrvajinakṛtādhikārā, buddhādhiṣṭhā-nādhiṣṭhitāś ca bhaviṣyanti, yeṣām anāgate 'dhvani, yāvāt saddharma-pralope vartamāna ima<sup>6</sup> evamrūpā udārā dharmaparyāyāḥ sarvabuddhasamavarṇitāḥ, sarvabuddhapraśastāḥ<sup>20</sup> sarvabuddhānujñātā, mahataḥ, sarvajñajñānasya kṣipram āhārakāḥ śrotāvabhāsam āgacchanti. śrutvā codāram<sup>7</sup> prītiprā-

1. *avagrahya*.

2. *-sarāḥ*.

3. *dasmād*.

4. *tatropādhyāya icchati / kṣipram*. K : *tatropādhyāye karttavya icchadbhiḥ ....* T (d'après WOGIWARA) : *tatropādayitavyecchadbhiḥ*.

5. *sulabdhānū*.

6. *imam*.

7. *codaram*.

modyān pratilapsyanta, udgrahi<sup>1</sup>(82 a)ṣyanti, dhārayiṣyanti, vācayiṣyanti, paryavāpsyanti, parebhyaś ca vistareṇa saṃprakāṣayiṣyanti, bhāvanābhīratāś ca bhaviṣyanty, antaśo likhitvā pūjaiṣyanti, bahu ca te puṇyān prasaviṣyanti<sup>1</sup>, yasya na sukarā samkhyā kartum.

iti hy Ajita yat tathāgatena kṛtyam kṛtam tan mayā. yūṣmābhīr idānīm nirvicikitsair yogah karaṇiyah. mā samśaya tam asaṅgam anāvaraṇam buddhajñānam. mā bhūt sarvākārāvaropetaratnamayapadmabandhanāgārapraveṣah<sup>2</sup>. durlabho hy Ajita buddhotpādaḥ, [82 b] durlabhā dharmadeśanā, dur-labhā kṣaṇasamīpat. ākhyātājita mayā pūrvakuśalamūlapāramiprāptih. yūyam idānīm abhiyujyata pratipadya vai.

asya khalu punar Ajita dharmaparyāyasya mahatīm parindanām karomy avipranāśaya. mā buddhadharmāṇām antardhānāya parākramiṣyatha. mā tathāgatājñām kṣobha-yiṣyatha.

atha khalu Bhagavāṁś tasyām velāyām imā gāthā abhāṣata :

neme akṛtapuṇyānām śravā bheṣyanti idṛśāḥ,  
ye tu te śūra siddhārthāḥ<sup>3</sup> te śroṣyanti imām girām. (1)  
dṛṣṭo yaiś ca hi saṁbuddho  
lokanātha pra[83 a]bhaṅkaraḥ,  
sa gauravaḥ śruto dharmāḥ  
prītiṁ prāpsyanti te parām. (2)  
na śakta hinebhi kuśidadr̥ṣṭibhiḥ  
buddhāna dharmeṣu prasāda vinditum.  
ye pūrvabuddheṣu akārṣu pūjām,

1. *prakaśaviṣyanti*. Rétabli par K et T.

2. *-ratnamaya-*.

3. *siddhārthāḥ*.

te lokanāthān\* caryāsu śikṣiṣu. (3)

yathāndhakāre puruṣo hy acakṣuḥ  
mārgaṁ na jāne kutu saṃprakāṣayet.  
sarve tathā śrāvaka buddhajñāne  
ajānakāḥ kiṁ punar anyasattvāḥ. (4)

buddho hi buddhasya guṇā prajānate,  
na devanāgāsurayakṣaśrāvakāḥ.

pratyekabuddhāna pi ko gati yatho,  
buddhasya jñāne hi prakāśyamāne. (5)

yadi sarvasattvāḥ sugatā bhavyeyuh  
viśu[83 b]ddhajñānā paramakovidā,  
te kalpakoṭīr atha vāpi uttare

ekasya buddhasya guṇān katheyuh. (6)  
atrāntare nirvṛta te bhavyeyuh  
prakāśyamānā bahukalpakoṭīḥ,

na ca buddhajñānasya pramāṇu labhyate,  
tathā hi jñānāś cariyām jinānām. (7)

tasmān naraḥ pañḍita vijñajātiyah,  
yo mahya vākyam abhiśraddadheyuh,  
kṛtsnām sa sākṣi jinajñānarāśīm.

buddha prajānāti girām udīrayet. (8)  
kadāci labhyāti manusyalābhaḥ,  
kadāci buddhāna pi prādurbhāvah.

śraddhā tha prajñā sucireṇa lapsyate,  
tasyārtha prajñair janayātha vīryam. (9)

[84 a] ya idṛśām dharma śruṇitvā śreṣṭhām  
labhyanti prītiṁ sugatām smarantah,  
te mitram asmākam atītam adhvani,  
ye buddhā bodhāya janenti cchandam, iti. (10)

\* S. -nāthām, O -nāthāna. Cf. T.: 'jig rten mgon  
öyi spyad la (lokanāthasya caryāyām).

asmin khalu punar dharmaparyāye Bhagavatā bhāsyamāne dvādaśānām sattvanayutakoṭinām virajo vigatamalaṁ dharme-  
śu dharmacakṣur viśuddhaṁ, caturvīṁśatyā koṭibhir anāgā-  
miphalaṁ prāptam. aṣṭānām bhikṣuśatānām anutpādāyāśra-  
s  
vebhyaś cittāni vimuktāni. pañcavīṁśatyā bodhisattvakoṭibhir  
anutpattiḥadharmaṁkṣantiḥpratilabdhaḥ. deva[84 b]mānuṣikāyāś<sup>1</sup>  
ca prajāyāś catvārīṁśatkoṭinayutaśatasahaśrāṇām anutpatti-  
pūrvāṇy anuttarāyām samyaksarībodhau cittāny utpannāni  
Sukhāvatyupapattaye ca kuśalamūlāny avaropitāni, bhagavato  
10 'mitābhasya darśanakāmatayā.

sarve te tatropādyānupūrveṇa Mañjuśvarā nāma tathāgata  
anyeṣu lokadhātuśūpapatsyante. aśītis ca nayutakoṭyo<sup>2</sup> Dipaṅ-  
kareṇa tathāgatena labdhakṣantikā avaivartyā anuttarāyāḥ  
samyaksarībodher, Amitāyuṣaiva tathāgatena paripācitāḥ  
15 pū[85 a]rvabodhisattvacaryāś<sup>3</sup> carantās, tāś ca Sukhāvatyām  
lokadhātāv upapadya pūrvapraṇidhānacaryāḥ paripūrayiṣyanti.

tasyām ca velāyām ayām trisāhasramahāsāhasro lokadhātuḥ  
ṣaḍvikāraṁ prakampitaḥ<sup>4</sup>. vividhāni ca prātiḥāryāṇi  
saṁdr̥ṣyanti. jānumātrām ca mandaravapuṣpaiḥ pṛthivyām  
20 saṁstṛtam abhūt. divyamānuṣikāni ca tūryāṇi saṁvāditāny  
abhūvan. anumodakāśabdena ca yāvad akaniṣṭhabhavanām  
vijñaptam abhūt.

idam avocad Bhagavān āttamanā, Ajito bodhisattvo mahā.  
[85 b]sattva āyuṣmāṁś cānandaḥ, sā ca sarvāvatī parṣat  
25 sadevamānuṣyāsuragandharvaś ca loko<sup>5</sup> Bhagavato bhāṣitam

1. -mānasikayāś.

2. nayutakoṭyo.

3. bodhisattvā carya.

4. prakampataḥ.

5. loke.

abhyanandann iti.

bhagavato 'mitābhasya guṇaparikirtanaṁ bodhisattvānām  
avaivarttikabhūmipraveśaḥ. Amitābhasya Sukhāvatī-vyūha-  
parivartah samāptaḥ.



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